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PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Harmful if inhaled or absorbed through the skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact, while mixing or handling the concentrated material, may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

WPS USES:

Mixers, loaders and applicators and other persons who handle this pesticide for any use covered by the Worker Protection Standard (40 CFR part 170) – in general, agricultural-plant uses are covered – must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical resistant gloves, such as butyl rubber >14 mils, or neoprene rubber > 14 mils, or nitrile rubber >14 mils (See instructions for Category A on the EPA chemical resistance category selection chart B if you want other options.)

Shoes plus socks

NON-WPS USES:

Mixers and loaders who handle this pesticide for any use NOT covered by the Worker Protection Standard (40 CFR part 170) – in general, only agricultural-plant uses are covered by the WPS – must wear:

Waterproof gloves

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

ENGINEERING CONTROL STATEMENTS

When handlers use closed systems or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- After handling this product, immediately wash the outside of gloves before removing them, then remove gloves and all other PPE. Immediately wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product has low solubility in water. At the limit of solubility, this product is not toxic to fish. However, at concentrations substantially above the level of water solubility, it may be toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in adjacent sites. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash water.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your state or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

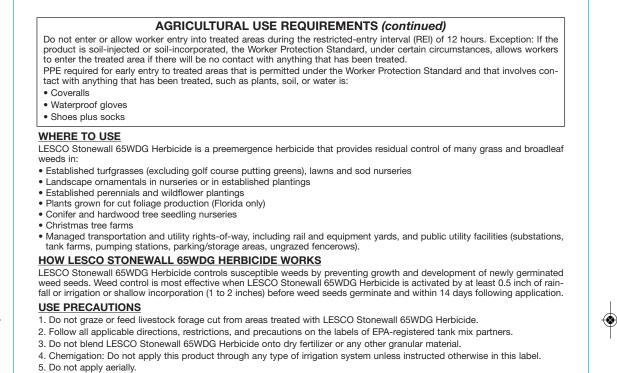
AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

(continued)



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6. Do not apply to golf course putting greens.

MIXING AND APPLICATION

Mixing

LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide must be mixed thoroughly in the spray tank to ensure uniform application. Follow these steps:

- 1. Fill the spray tank ¼ full with clean water or fluid fertilizer only.
- 2. Start agitation and check to ensure it is working properly.
- 3. Add LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide directly into the tank.
- 4. Add the rest of the carrier to obtain the final spray volume.
- 5. A spray colorant may be used with LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide to mark areas as they are treated. This will improve application accuracy by minimizing swath skips and overlaps.
- Maintain vigorous agitation in the spray tank before and during the application. This will ensure a well-mixed spray suspension.
 Do not allow spray suspension to dry in the tank. Thoroughly clean the sprayer after use by flushing the system with water
- containing a detergent. Refer to the Pesticide Disposal section of this label for waste disposal.

Tank Mixing LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide

LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide may be tank mixed with certain other EPA-registered herbicides to provide a broader spectrum of weed control or to control emerged weeds. Refer to the specific directions for use for tank mix partners, and consult the label(s) of the individual tank mix partners(s) for use rate, application timing, weeds controlled, and specific precautions and/or restrictions. Tank mixes are permitted only in states where the tank mix partners(s) are registered for the application site and the turf and ornamental species listed. When using LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide in a tank mixture with other pesticides, observe the most restrictive label limitations and precautions on the labels of the products used.

Before tank mixing pesticides, it is advisable to test compatibility by mixing the products in a small container first. See the Compatibility Test section.

Compatibility Test

Before mixing LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide with other pesticides in the spray tank, test the compatibility by mixing all components (carrier and pesticide products) in a small container in proportionate quantities. For example, a 1-qt. Jar would be 1/100 the volume of a 25 gals./A spray rate. At 1 lb./A the LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide rate would be proportional to 4.5 g per qt. Add approximately 1.5 teaspoons to a qt. of water. Calculate amounts for the other products based on rate per acre. An approximate volume would be 1.5 teaspoons for each lb./A of a dry formulation and 0.5 teaspoons for each pt./A of a liquid formulation. (See following table.)

Amount of Component to Add to One quart Jar of Spray Carrier (Assuming Carrier Volume of 25 gals./A)

	Rate		
Component Formulations	Acre	1,000 sq. ft.	Level Teaspoons
LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide	1.0 lb.	0.4 oz.	1.5
Dry Tank Mix Partners	1.0 lb.	0.4 oz.	1.5
Liquid Tank Mix Partners	1.0 pt.	0.4 oz.	0.5

If components do not ball-up or form flakes, sludge, gels, oily films or layers, then the mixture is compatible. Incompatibility will usually occur within 5 minutes after mixing. If the components are not compatible, use a compatibility agent and rerun the test to determine if the mixture is suitable. If components are still not compatible, do not tank mix.

Mixing Order for Tank Mixtures

Notes: (1) When mixing LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide with other components (carrier and partner pesticide products), allow products to completely dissolve between steps. This is key when tank mixing with ester formulations. (2) Maintain agitation throughout mixing and application of the mixture.

Add the products to the spray tank in the following order:

- 1. Add products packaged in water-soluble bags first. Agitate the tank mixture. Allow the water-soluble bags to completely dissolve and the product to disperse before adding any other tank mix partner.
- 2. Then add water-dispersible granules (WDG or WG formulations) and wettable powders (WP formulations). Add wettable powders to the tank as agitation continues. Allow the product to disperse completely before other products are added.
- 3. Add spray adjuvants and spray markers. Read the adjuvant's label first and use only those adjuvants approved for application to turf and ornamentals.
- 4. Add flowable liquids (FL) or suspension concentrates (SC).
- 5. Add emulsifiable concentrates (EC) last.

Application

Apply LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide in a minimum of 20 gals/A (0.5 gal./1,000 sq. ft.) of carrier (water and/or fluid fertilizer) using a calibrated, low-pressure sprayer with 50-mesh or coarser screens. A broadcast boom or handheld wand designed for herbicide or insecticide application will provide the best results. Select nozzle pressure and gallonage to provide complete coverage.

Weeds Controlled

When used as directed in this label, LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide will control the following weeds:

Barnyardgrass	Goosegrass ⁵	Purslane, Common	
Bluegrass, Annual (Poa annua) 1	Henbit ²	Pusley, Florida	
Carpet weed	Itchgrass	Rescuegrass ⁴	
Chickweed, Common ²	Johnsongrass (from seed)	Shepherds Purse ²	
Chickweed, Mouseear (from seed)	Junglerice	Signalgrass, Broadleaf	
Crabgrass (Large, Smooth) ³	Knotweed ²	Speedwell, Persian	
Crowfootgrass	Kochia	Sprangletop	
Cupgrass, Woolly	Lambsquarter, Common	Spurge, Prostrate	
Foxtails, Annual	Lovegrass	Witchgrass	
Pigweed	Panicum (Texas, Fall, Browntop)	Woodsorrel, Yellow (from seed)	

¹ In areas where *Poa annua* is a winter annual, apply LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide in August or September to established, non-overseeded turf before *Poa annua* seeds germinate. These timings are approximate. Consult State Extension





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Service for more specific timing for your area. Also see the section of this label *Poa Annua* Control in Established Bermudagrass Overseeded with Perennial Ryegrass (AZ, CA, NV, and TX only).

² To control this weed, apply LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide in late summer, fall, or winter before weed seeds germinate.
³ Fall Applications for Spring Crabgrass Control in Cool-Season Grasses: In those areas where the ground freezes in the winter, LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide can be applied in the fall at rates of 1.0-1.15 lbs./A after the soil temperature falls below 50°F but before the ground freezes. This application will control crabgrass the following spring.

⁴ Suppression only.

⁵ In any area a single application of 1-2.3 lbs./A of LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide will control goosegrass. However, under heavy goosegrass pressure and/or an extended growing season, most effective control may be obtained by making an initial application of 1-1.5 lbs./A followed, after 60-90 days, by a second application that does not exceed the maximum rate for that turfgrass species listed in the **Maximum Application Rate Table**.

Do not exceed a dosage of 1.5 lbs. a.i./Acre (2.3 lbs./A of this product) per year on any use site.

ESTABLISHED TURF

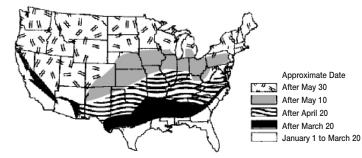
LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide is a preemergence herbicide that, when properly applied, will control certain grass and broadleaf weeds in established turfgrasses including:

- · Golf courses excluding putting greens
- Lawns
- Sod nurseries

The maximum amount of LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide that may be applied per year is given for each turfgrass species in the Annual Use Rates section of the label.

For optimum weed control, LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide should be activated by at least 0.5 inch of rainfall or irrigation before weed seeds germinate and within 14 days following application. See the map below for approximate crabgrass seed germination dates.

CRABGRASS SEED GERMINATION DATES



Use Precautions-Turfgrass

1) Do not apply LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide to areas where dichondra, colonial bentgrass, velvet bentgrass, or annual bluegrass (*Poa annua*) are desirable species.

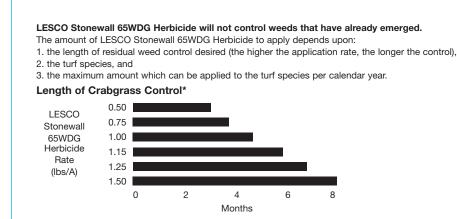
- 2) Do not cut (harvest) treated sod before 90 days after application. To avoid turfgrass injury, do not apply to newly set sod until the sod has rooted and exposed edges have filled in.
- 3) To avoid turfgrass injury, do not apply LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide to turf stressed by conditions such as drought, low fertility, or pest damage.
- 4) Disturbing the herbicide barrier with cultural practices such as disking may result in reduced weed control.
- 5) Do not apply LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide to golf course putting greens.

6) If the depth of the creeping bentgrass root system becomes shallow and root tips contact LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide-treated soil, new root formation may be inhibited. Mowing height can affect the depth of a plant's root system. To avoid this, do not apply LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide to creeping bentgrass less than 0.5 inch in height.

Application Timing and Rate-Turfgrass

LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide may be applied as a single application or in sequential applications to control weeds germinating throughout the year. All applications should be made before target weeds germinate.





*Length of control varies by region. This table is an average for planning purposes.

Annual Use Rates-Turfgrass

LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide can be applied to the turfgrass species listed in the following table. Do not apply more than the highest rate listed for each species in a calendar year.

Table 1.

Maximum Application Rate of LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide Per Calendar Year by Turfgrass Species 1

Turf Species	Ibs. Product/Acre	oz. Product/1,000 sq. ft.	
Bermuda grass ² Bahiagrass Centipedegrass Kikuyugrass Seashore Paspalum St. Augustinegrass ³ Tall Fescue (including turf-type) Zoysiagrass	1.0-2.30 '	0.36-0.83	
Buffalograss Kentucky Bluegrass Perennial Ryegrass	0.5-1.50 '	0.185-0.55	
Fine Fescue	0.5-1.15 1	0.185-0.42	
Creeping Bentgrass (0.5 inches or more in height) ⁴	0.5-1.00 1	0.185-0.37	

¹ LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide may be applied more than once a year as long as the total amount applied is not greater than the maximum application rate for each turf species. All applications must be made before weed seeds germinate.

² May be used on newly-sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass at rates not to exceed 0.80 lb./A (0.30 oz./1,000 sq. ft.). Newlysprigged or plugged Bermudagrass stolon rooting may be temporarily retarded.

³ Use an initial rate of 0.75-1.5 lbs./A per application.

⁴ To avoid grass injury, do not apply LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide to creeping bentgrass mowed at less than 0.5 inch in height.

When to Apply LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide After Overseeding Turf

Injury to desirable seedlings is likely if LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide is applied before the secondary roots of seedlings are in the second inch of soil (not thatch plus soil). To reduce the potential to injure overseeded turf, wait 60 days after seeding or until after the second mowing, whichever is longer, before applying LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide.





When to Overseed After Application-All States*

LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide will inhibit the development of turfgrass species overseeded too soon after application. Follow rates and intervals in the table below for best overseeding/reseeding results.

*Note: In AZ, CA, NV, and TX, the overseeding interval can be shorter in established bermudagrass that has been overseeded with perennial ryegrass. See the next section *"Poa Annua* Control in Established Bermudagrass Overseeded with Perennial Ryegrass (AZ, CA, NV, and TX only)".

Amount of LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide	Interval (Months) Before Overseeding		
Lbs. Product/A	North	Transition	South
.75	4	4	4
1.00	5	4	4
1.15	6	5	5
1.25	-	6	6
1.50	-	7	7
1.75	-	-	9
2.00	-	-	10
2.30	-	-	12

Poa annua control in Established Bermudagrass Overseeded with Perennial Ryegrass (AZ, CA, NV, and TX only) Use on golf courses (excluding golf course putting greens), lawns, and sod nurseries when overseeding with perennial ryegrass (minimum seeding rate of 350 lbs./A).

How Much and When to Apply

Amount to Apply	When to Apply	Expected Control	Use Precautions
0.58-1.0 lb./A	First application: 6 to 8 weeks before ryegrass overseeding Second application: 4 to 8 weeks after overseeding or when perennial ryegrass roots are in the sec- ond inch of soil	1 application for 70% or greater control of <i>Poa annua</i> Second application may enhance control	 Some seedling mortality and temporary reduction in root growth of new seedlings may occur To reduce the potential for seedling mortality, maintain a moist seedbed with light, frequent irrigation. Make no more than 2 applications per year for this use, and do not exceed a total of 1.3 lbs./A per year. Do not make a second application if any injury to the ryegrass is observed after the first application Do not make a second application unless the product was first applied before overseeding.

ORNAMENTALS (CONTAINER, FIELD, AND LANDSCAPE GROWN, INCLUDING CHRISTMAS TREE FARMS), RIGHTS-OF-WAY, GROUNDS OF UTILITIES, UNGRAZED FENCE ROWS

LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide may be applied to soil surfaces for preemergence control of many grass and broadleaf weeds:

• Around ornamental shrubs, trees, established perennial vegetation and wildflower plantings;

- On or surrounding managed rights-of-way for transportation systems including roadways, roadsides, railways, and equipment yards;
- On grounds of utilities such as power substations, tank farms, pumping stations, parking and storage areas;

On ungrazed fence rows.



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Application Timing and Information

LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide:

1. Will not control emerged weeds.

- 2. May be applied to newly-transplanted and established ornamentals as broadcast or over-the-top-spray.
- 3. Is most effective when applied to soil free of clods, weeds, and debris such as leaves and mulch.
- 4. Is most effective when the product is activated in the soil before weed seeds germinate and within 14 days after application.
- 5. Is activated when the treated area receives at least 0.5 inch of irrigation or rainfall, or shallow (1 to 2 inches) mechanical incorporation.

Use Precautions

To reduce injury potential:

- a. In the spring when buds are rapidly growing and expanding, over-the-top application of LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide may temporarily injure new growth of desirable plants. To reduce the possibility of injury at this time, wait to apply LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide over-the-top of newly emerged vegetation until it has hardened off, unless your experience indicates that the ornamental plant will not be injured by the over-the-top application.
- b. After application, immediately irrigate the treated area to wash LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide from plant surfaces onto soil (watering plants before application may improve the washing process).

Ornamentals and Christmas Tree Farms – Application Sites and Instructions

Application Instructions
 Delay application until soil has settled around transplants. Water transplants thoroughly before application. Apply after cuttings form roots and are established. To avoid inhibition of the tissue union, apply before budding/grafting or after buds/grafts have taken.
Apply at any time as a broadcast, over-the-top, or directed spray.
 Apply as a broadcast, over-the-top, or as a directed spray. Delay application to newly-transplanted ornamentals until soil has settled around transplants.
 Apply to soil (including mulch, gravel, wood chips, or other permeable base) upon which containerized ornamentals are placed. After LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide is applied, perform shallow cultivation or hand weeding only, or avoid disturbing the herbicide barrier.
After LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide is applied, uncovered polyhouses must remain open for at least 7 days and ornamentals must receive 2 irrigations totaling at least ½ inch of water.
 LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide may be applied to bulbs or perennial wild-flower species listed in the section, Tolerant Ornamental Species. Apply before or after bulbs emerge but before bulbs bloom and weeds emerge. In wildflowers, a postemergence herbicide labeled for wildflowers may be needed to control weeds that have already emerged.

How Much and When to Apply

Amount to Apply (Broadcast)*	When to Apply	Comments/Instructions
1.0-2.3 lbs./A or 0.37-0.83 oz./1,000 sq. ft.	In fall or spring before weeds germinate or after weeds are removed.	 Use the higher rate for longer control. LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide may be applied more than once per year as long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed 2.3 lbs./A per year.



*Note: For band application calculate amount per acre: Band width in inches

Row width in inches

Broadcast rate = amount to apply per acre of field

Equivalent Measurements for LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide

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Lbs./A	Oz./1,000 sq. ft.	Approximate Equivalent- Tablespoons/1,000 sq. ft.
1.0	0.37	1
1.5	0.55	1.5
2.0	0.74	2
2.3	0.83	2.25

Tank Mixtures For Use On Ornamentals

LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide may be tank mixed with other registered herbicides listed on this label to provide a broader spectrum of weed control or to control emerged weeds. Tank mixes with LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide are for use only in states where the tank mix partner(s), application site, and intended use pattern are registered. Follow the label(s) of the tank mix partner(s) for application rates, timing, weeds controlled, tolerant ornamentals, and specific use precautions and/or restrictions. Before mixing pesticides in the spray tank, test compatibility by mixing the products in a small container first. See the **Compatibility Test** section of this label.

Tank Mix Partners for LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide on Ornamentals

Product	Precautions/Instructions Mix with LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide for postemergence control of cer- tain broadleaf weeds including malva and filaree.		
Goal [®] (use on conifers only)			
Gallery®, Sim-Trol®	See product labels for weed spectrum and tolerant ornamentals.		
Roundup®, or other glyphosate-based products', Finale®	These nonselective tank mix herbicides control most emerged annual broadleaves and grasses. Take extreme care to prevent tank mixtures with these products from contacting the foliage and stems of turfgrass, trees, shrubs, or other desirable vegetation because desirable vegetation may be severely injured or killed. Apply these tank mixtures as a directed spray and use a shield to prevent spray from contacting foliage of desirable plants. Following instructions on the tank mix partner's label, delay irrigation of the treated area to allow time for the herbicide to be absorbed by weed foliage.		

¹ Roundup is one brand of a nonselective herbicide containing glyphosate. Other glyphosate products may also be used.

Tolerant Ornamental Species

LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide will not harm most trees, shrubs, vines, and flowers. The species listed below in Table 2 are tolerant to LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide. LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide is approved for application, except in CA, to the species in Table 2. LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide may be applied over-the-top of the listed species.

When plants are under stress (such as heat, drought, or frost damage), some cultivars of listed plants may be sensitive to LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide.

Table 2 – Tolerant Ornamental Species - All States

Scientific name Abelia grandiflora Abies spp. Acer palmatum Acer platanoides Achillea spp. Actinidia chinensis Agapanthus orientalis Common name Abelia Fir species (Balsam, Fraser, Noble, etc.) Japanese maple Norway maple Yarrow Kiwi* Lily of the Nile; African lily

(continued)

Table 2 - Tolerant Ornamental Species - All States (continued)

Akebia quintata Allium cernuum Anemone hybrida Aquilegia spp. Arctostaphylos densiflora Arctotheca calendula Aucuba japonica Artemisia spp. Aster spp. Athyrium filix-femina Begonia spp. Berberis gladwynesis Berberis julianae Berberis mentorensis Berberis thunbergii Berberis verriculosa Bergenia cordifolia Boltonia asteroides Bougainvillea spp. Buddleia davidii Buxus microphylla Callistemon citrinus Callistemon viminalis Calluna vulgaris Campanula carpatica Campsis X tagliabuana Carpobrotus edulis Cassia artemisoides Ceanothus rigidus Ceratostigma plumbaginoides Chamaecyparis pisifera Chrysanthemum nipponicum Cleyera japonica Citrus spp.* Coreopsis spp. Cornus stolonifera Cortaderia selloana Cotoneaster apiculatus Cotoneaster buxifolius Cotoneaster dammeri Cotoneaster microphyllus Crataeous spp. Cupressus sempervirens Crocosmia spp. Delosperma spp. Delphinium spp. Dianthus deltoidia Dianthus gratianopolitanus Dodonea viscosa Echinacea purpurea Elaeagnus pungens Euonymus fortunei Euonymus japonica Euonymus kiautschovica Fatsia iaponica Forsythia intermedia Forsythia suspense Forsythia viridissima

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Five-Leaf or Chocolate Vine Lady's Leek; Nodding Onion Japanese Anemone Columbine Vine hill manzanita Cape weed Japanese Aucuba Wormwood; Silver Mound; Castle Aster Lady Fern Fibrous Begonia Barberry Wintergreen barberry Mentor barberry Japanese barberry

Snowbank Bougainvillea Butterfly-bush Japanese boxwood

Warty barberry

Japanese boxwood Crimson bottlebrush Weeping bottlebrush Scotch heather Tussock bellflower Trumpet creeper, Trumpet flower Hottentot fig; Ice plant Feathery Cassia Wild Illac

False cypress

Cleyera

Ornamental orange, lemon, lime, etc.* Coreopsis (Calliopsis): Early Sunrise, Moonbeam American dogwood Pampas grass Cranberry Cotoneaster Cotoneaster Bearberry Coteneaster Rockspray Cotoneaster Hawthorn Italian cypress Lucifer Ice plant Larkspur Dianthus; Maiden pinks Cheddar pink Hop bush Coneflower Silverberry Wintercreeper Japanese spindle tree; Evergreen Euonymus Spreading Euonymus Japanese aralia Border Forsythia Weeping Forsythia Greenstem Forsythia 9

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Table 2 - Tolerant Ornamental Species - All States (continued) Gaillardia spp. Gaillardia; Blanket flower

Gaillardia spp. Gardenia jasminoides Gaura spp. Gentiana dahurica Geranium cinereum Gladiolus spp.* Gypsophila repens Hedera helix Helianthemum spp. Hemerocallis spp. Heucherella spp. Hibiscus rosa-sinensis** Hibiscus spp. Hosta plantaginea Hosta sieboldiana Houttuynia cordata var. variegata Hydrangea macrophylla llex cornuta*' llex crenata llex opaca llex pernyi llex vomitoria Inula ensifolia Iris spp. Jasminium nudiflorum Juglans spp.* Juniperus chinensis Juniperus conferta Juniperus davurica Juniperus horizontalis Justicia brandegeana Lagerstroemia indica Lagerstroemia indica and hybrids Lantana montevidensis Lavender spp. Leontopodium alpinum Ligustrum amurense Ligustrum japonicum Ligustrum lucidum Ligustrum sinense Lilium spp. Liriope muscari Liriope spicata Lobelia cardinalis Lonicera japonica Lonicera tatarica Loropetalum chinense Lythrum spp. Magnolia spp.** Maleophora luteola Malus spp.* Miscanthus sinesis** Nandina domestica Narcissus spp.* Nerium spp. Oenothera missouriensis Olea europaea*

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Gardenia; Cape-jasmine Gaura Gentian Cranesbill Gladiolus species** Baby's breath English ivy Sunrose Daylily Coral bells Chinese Hibiscus** Mallow; Rose of Sharon** Hosta; Plantain lily Hosta Bigleaf Hydrangea Chinese holly* Japanese holly American holly Holly Yaupon holly Iris Winter jasmine Walnut* Chinese juniper Shore juniper Creeping juniper Shrimp plant Crape myrtle Crape myrtle Weeping Lantana Lavender; Munstead Edelweiss Amur privet Japanese privet Glossy privet; Wax-leaf Chinese privet Lily Liriope Liriope, creeping Cardinal flower; Indian pink Japanese honeysuckle Tatarian honeysuckle Loropetalum Loosestrife Magnolia Ice plant Crabapple* Yaku Jima**, Silberfeder** Heavenly bamboo Narcissus, Daffodil Oleander Evening primrose Olive*

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Table 2 – Tolerant Ornamental Species - All States (continued)

Mondo grass** Osmanthus; False holly

Ophiopogon japonicus** Osmanthus heterophyllus Osteospermum fruticosum Oxydendron luteum Paeonia suffruticosa Pennisetum setaceum** Perovskia atriplicifolia Persea americana* Photinia fraseri Physostegia virginiana Picea spp.** Pieris japonica Pinus brutia Pinus canariensis Pinus elliottii Pinus halepensis Pinus nigra Pinus palustris Pinus radiata Pinus strobus Pinus sylvestris Pinus taeda Pinus thunbergiana Pinus virginiana Pistacia spp.* Pittosporum rhombifolium Pittosporum tobira Podocarpus macrophyllus Prunus laurocerasus Prunus spp.* Pseudotsuga menziesii** Pyracantha coccinea Pyracantha fortuneana Pyracantha koidzumii Ýyrus spp. Quercus rubra Quercus shumardii Raphiolepsis indica Raphiolepsis umbellata Rhododendron spp. Rosa banksiae Rudbeckia spp. Rumohra adiantiformis Santolina virens Saxifraga spp. Scabiosa spp. Sedum spp. Spiraea bumalda Syzygium paniculatum Taxus cuspidata Taxus spp. Teucrium spp. Thalictrum dipterocarpum Thuja occidentalis Trachelospermum asiatum Tsuga canadensis Tulipa spp. Veronica spp.

Trailing African daisy Sourwood Tree peony Fountain grass** Avocado* Photinia; Redtip False dragonhead Spruces (Colorado Blue, Norway, etc.) Japanese andromeda; Lily-of-the-valley shrub Calabrian pine Canary island pine Slash pine Aleppo pine Austrian black pine Longleaf pine Monterey pine Eastern white pine Scotch pine Loblolly pine Japanese black pine Virginia pine Pistachio* **Queensland Pittosporum** Japanese Pittosporum Japanese yew English laurel Almond, Apricot, Nectarine, Peach, Plum, and Prune* Douglas fir** Firethorn, scarlet Firethorn Firethorn Pear spp., including 'Bradford' Red oak Shumard oak Indian hawthorne Yedda hawthorne Rhododendrons, Azaleas Lady Banks rose Black-eved Susan Leatherleaf Fern Saxifrage; Purple dome Pincushion flower Stonecrop Spirea Australian brushcherry; Japanese boxcherry Japanese yew Yew Germander Meadow rue American arborvitae Star jasmine Canada hemlock qiluT Veronica; Speedwell

(continued)

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Table 2 - Tolerant Ornamental Species - All States (continued)

Viburnum japonicum Viburnum odoratissimum Viburnum plicatum Viburnum rigidum Viburnum japonicum Viburnum suspensum Viburnum trilobium Viburnum trilobium Viburnum wrightii Vinca major Vinca minor Vitis spp.* Weigela florida Yucca aloifolia Yucca aloifolia Japanese viburnum Sweet viburnum Japanese snowball Canary island viburnum Japanese viburnum Arrowood viburnum Laurustinus Cranberry bush Leatherleaf viburnum Vinca Periwinkle Grape* Old fashioned Weigela Spanish bayonet Yucca; Adam's needle

* Do not use on food producing trees, vines, or plants.
** Not for use on container grown plants.

NEW PLANTINGS, REPLANTING, AND ROTATIONAL PLANTINGS

Nursery, landscape, or non-cropland areas treated with LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide should be rotated only to ornamental species listed on this label for 1 year following application unless the following test has shown species safety:

Before planting a species not listed on this label, it is recommended that several test strips of an indicator plant such as wheat, sorghum, or corn be sown into the treated area. If the indicator plants germinate and grow normally to a height of 12 inches with normal root development, it is safe to plant.

In areas disturbed by new plantings or replanting of labeled species, it may be necessary to retreat exposed soil to maintain satisfactory weed control.

CHEMIGATION INSTRUCTIONS — OVERHEAD SPRINKLER IRRIGATION APPLICATION

- Apply this product only through an overhead sprinkler irrigation system. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.
- Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water. If you have questions about calibration, contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers, or other experts.
- To avoid injury to foliage, make sure foliage is sufficiently wet before application or adequate irrigation is applied after application.
- If sprinkler distribution patterns do not overlap sufficiently, unacceptable weed control may result.
- If sprinkler distribution patterns overlap excessively, injury to leatherleaf ferns and other ornamentals may result.
 Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to public water systems
- unless pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.
- If necessary, a person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or someone under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments.

Operation Instructions

- 1. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional automatic, quick closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 3. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 4. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- 5. The irrigation line or water. pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 6. Systems must use a metering pump such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g. diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.





- 7. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.
- 8. Prepare a mixture with a minimum of 20 parts of water to 1 part LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide and inject this herbicide suspension mixture into the overhead system. Injecting a larger volume of a more dilute mixture per hour will usually provide more accurate calibration of metering equipment. Maintain sufficient agitation to keep the herbicide in suspension.
- 9. Before injecting LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide in to the system, run the irrigation system long enough to wet the foliage, then inject LESCO Stonewall 65WDG Herbicide suspension mixture in the pesticide supply tank (see number 8 above) in 1 inch of irrigation water. After the application is complete, continue the irrigation until all residues are washed off the foliage.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in original container away from feed or foodstuffs and separated from other pesticides. **PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL:

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Completely empty bag into application equipment. Then offer for recycling if available or dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

For minor spills, leaks, etc., follow all precautions indicated on this label and clean up immediately. Take special care to avoid contamination of equipment and facilities during cleanup procedures and disposal of wastes. In the event of a major spill, fire, or other emergency, call CHEMTREC (phone: 1-800-424-9300) day or night.

CONDITION OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully and completely. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. To the extent consistent with applicable law, Buyer and/or User assume all risks of ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences or damages that may result from conditions outside or beyond the control of LESCO, Inc. including but not limited to, such factors as manner of use or application, weather or weather conditions outside the range considered normal at the application site or for the time period in which the product is applied, the presence of other materials, incompatible products, or other influencing factors which are beyond the control of LESCO, Inc.. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and/or User, and Buyer and/or User agrees to hold LESCO, Inc. harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

LESCO, Inc. warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above, when used in accordance with the Directions for Use under normal use conditions. To the extent consistent with applicable law, this warranty does not extend to the use of this product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to or beyond the control of LESCO, Inc. and Buyer and/or User assume the risk of any such use. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, LESCO, INC. MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTIC-ULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS STATED ABOVE.

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