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## UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

## FORM 10-K

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_

Commission file number 0-11917

## THE DAVEY TREE EXPERT COMPANY

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Ohio

34-0176110

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

1500 North Mantua Street P.O. Box 5193 Kent, Ohio 44240

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip code)

(330) 673-9511

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: None

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: Common Shares, \$1.00 par value

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes X No

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

Yes X No \_\_\_\_

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes X No \_\_\_\_

There were 7,670,373 Common Shares outstanding as of March 1, 2005. The aggregate market value of the Common Shares held by nonaffiliates of the registrant as of July 3, 2004 was \$112,449,392. For purposes of this calculation, it is assumed that the registrant's affiliates include the registrant's Board of Directors and its executive officers.

## DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Portions of the registrant's definitive Proxy Statement for the 2005 Annual Meeting of Shareholders, to be held on Ma 17, 2005 are incorporated by reference into Part III (to be filed).
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## NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This annual report on Form 10-K contains forward-looking statements (within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995) in "Item 7 - Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," "Item 7A - Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk," and elsewhere. These statements relate to future events or our future financial performance. In some cases, forward-looking statements may be identified by terminology such as "may," "will," "should," "expects," "plans," "anticipates," "believes," "estimates," "predicts," "potential," "continue" or the negative of these terms or other comparable terminology. These statements are only predictions and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our or our industry's actual results, levels of activity, performance or achievements to differ materially from what is expressed or implied in these forward-looking statements. Some important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements include:

- Our business, other than tree services to utility customers, is highly seasonal, and weather dependent.
- Significant customers, particularly utilities, may experience financial difficulties, resulting in payment delays or delinquencies.
- The seasonal nature of our business and changes in general and local economic conditions cause our quarterly results to fluctuate, and prior performance is not necessarily indicative of our future results.
  - Significant increases in fuel prices for extended periods of time will increase our operating expenses.
- We have significant contracts with our utility, commercial and government customers which have liability risk
- exposure as part of those contracts. Consequently, we have substantial insurance, and increases in the cost of
- obtaining adequate insurance, or the inadequacy of our insurance coverages, could negatively impact our liquidity.
  - Because no public market exists for our common shares, the ability of shareholders to sell their common shares is limited.

Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements. Moreover, neither we nor any other person assumes responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of these statements. We are under no duty to update any of the forward-looking statements after the date of this annual report on Form 10-K to conform these statements to actual future results.

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#### THE DAVEY TREE EXPERT COMPANY FORM 10-K For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2004 TABLE OF CONTENTS <u>Page</u> Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements PART I Item 1: Business 4 Item 2: Properties 7 Item 3: Legal Proceedings 7 Item 4: Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders 8 Item 4A: Executive Officers of the Registrant 8 PART II Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Item 5: Purchases of Equity Securities 10 Item 6: Selected Financial Data 12 Item 7: Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of 13 **Operations** Item 7A: Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk 22 Item 8: Financial Statements and Supplementary Data 22 Item 9: Changes In and Disagreements With Accountants on Accounting and Financial 22 **Disclosure** Item 9A: Controls and Procedures 22 Item 9B: Other Information 26 PART III Item 10: Directors and Executive Officers of the Registrant 26 Item 11: Executive Compensation 26 Item 12: Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management 26 Item 13: Certain Relationships and Related Transactions 27 Item 14: Principal Accountant Fees and Services 27 PART IV Item 15: Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules 27 **Signatures** 28 Exhibit Index 29 Page 3

#### PART I

#### Item 1. Business.

#### General

The Davey Tree Expert Company, which was founded in 1880 and incorporated in 1909, and its subsidiaries ("we" or "us") have two primary operating segments which provide a variety of horticultural services to our customers throughout the United States and Canada.

Our Residential and Commercial services segment provides for the treatment, preservation, maintenance, cultivation, planting and removal of trees, shrubs and other plant life; its services also include the practices of landscaping, tree surgery, tree feeding and tree spraying, as well as the application of fertilizers, herbicides and insecticides.

Our Utility services segment is principally engaged in the practice of line clearing for public utilities, including the clearing of tree growth from power lines, clearance of rights-of-way and chemical brush control.

We also provide other services related to natural resource management and consulting, urban and utility forestry research and development and environmental planning. We also maintain research, technical support and laboratory diagnostic facilities.

#### Competition and Customers

Our Residential and Commercial services group is one of the largest national tree care organizations, and competes with other national and local firms with respect to its services. On a national level, our competition is primarily landscape construction and maintenance companies as well as residential and commercial lawn care companies. At a local and regional level, our competition comes mainly from other companies which are engaged primarily in tree care. Our Utility services group is the second largest organization in the industry, and competes principally with one major national competitor, as well as several smaller regional firms.

Principal methods of competition in both operating segments are customer service, marketing, image, performance and reputation. Our program to meet our competition stresses the necessity for our employees to have and project to customers a thorough knowledge of all horticultural services provided, and utilization of modern, well-maintained equipment. Pricing is not always a critical factor in a customer's decision with respect to Residential and Commercial services; however, pricing is generally the principal method of competition for our Utility services, although in most instances consideration is given to reputation and past production performance.

We provide a wide range of horticultural services to private companies, public utilities, local, state and federal agencies, and a variety of industrial, commercial and residential customers. During 2004, we had sales of approximately \$51.3 million to Pacific Gas & Electric Company ("PG&E"), one of our largest customers.

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Pacific Gas & Electric voluntarily filed for reorganization under Chapter 11 of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code on April 6, 2001. On June 19, 2003, it was announced that Pacific Gas & Electric Corporation ("PG&E Corporation," the parent company of PG&E), the staff of the California Public Utilities Commission ("CPUC"), and PG&E entered into a settlement agreement. Subsequently, PG&E Corporation, PG&E, and the Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors ("OCC"), as co-proponents, filed the settlement agreement with the bankruptcy court. In December 2003, the CPUC approved the settlement agreement and the bankruptcy court confirmed the plan of reorganization.

Subsequent to the bankruptcy petition date, April 6, 2001, the Company continued to provide services under the terms of its contracts with PG&E and received payment for post-petition date services performed. On April 12, 2004, PG&E announced that its plan of reorganization under Chapter 11 of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code became effective and that the holders of record of allowed claims would be paid. Davey Tree was a holder of allowed

claims related to prepetition accounts receivable that arose prior to the filing date of PG&E's voluntary bankruptcy petition on April 6, 2001.

On April 13, 2004, the Company received payment of \$13,326 from PG&E in settlement of allowed claims related to prepetition accounts receivable.

For the period from the bankruptcy petition date, April 6, 2001 through April 13, 2004, interest was payable on the prepetition accounts receivable. Interest received totaled \$1,692 (with \$297 received in 2004; \$559 in 2003, and \$836 in 2002).

As periodic interest payments were received by the Company, the carrying amount of the prepetition accounts receivable was reduced from the initial April 6, 2001 balance of \$13,326. The carrying amount of the prepetition accounts receivable was \$11,931 as of December 31, 2003.

In receiving the \$13,326 payment, the Company reported \$1,536 of interest income in the results of operations for the first quarter 2004 and \$156 in the results of operations for the second quarter 2004.

The \$13,326 payment was used to reduce borrowings outstanding under the Company's revolving credit facility in the second quarter of 2004.

## Regulation and Environment

Our facilities and operations, in common with those of the industry generally, are subject to governmental regulations designed to protect the environment. This is particularly important with respect to our services regarding insect and disease control, because these services involve to a considerable degree the blending and application of spray materials, which require formal licensing in most areas. Constant changes in environmental conditions, environmental awareness, technology and social attitudes make it necessary for us to maintain a high degree of awareness of the impact such changes have on the market for our services. We believe that we are in substantial compliance with existing federal, state and local laws regulating the use of materials in our spraying operations as well as the other aspects of our business that are subject to any such regulation.

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#### Marketing

We solicit business from residential customers principally through direct mail programs and to a lesser extent through the placement of advertisements in national magazines and trade journals, local newspapers and "yellow pages" telephone directories. Business from utility customers is obtained principally through negotiated contracts and competitive bidding. We carry out all of our sales and services through our employees. We do not generally use agents and do not franchise our name or business.

#### Seasonality

Our business is seasonal, primarily due to fluctuations in horticultural services provided to Residential and Commercial customers and to a lesser extent by budget constraints imposed on our Utility customers. Because of this seasonality, we have historically incurred losses in the first quarter, while sales and earnings are generally highest in the second and third quarters of the calendar year. Consequently, this has created heavy demands for additional working capital at various times throughout the year. We borrow primarily against bank commitments in the form of a revolving credit agreement to provide the necessary funds for our operations. You can find more information about our bank commitments in "Liquidity and Capital Resources" under "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" on pages 13-22 of this report.

#### **Other Factors**

Due to rapid changes in equipment technology, we must constantly update our equipment and processes to ensure that we provide competitive services to our customers. Also, we must continue to assure our compliance with the Occupational Safety and Health Act.

We own several trademarks including "Davey," "Davey and design," "Arbor Green," "Davey Tree and design," "Davey Expert Co. and design" and "Davey and design (Canada)." Through substantial advertising and use, we believe that these trademarks have become of value in the identification and acceptance of our products and services.

#### **Employees**

We employed approximately 5,000 employees at December 31, 2004. However, employment levels fluctuate due to seasonal factors affecting our business. We consider our employee relations to be good.

## **Domestic and Foreign Operations**

We sell our services to customers in the United States and Canada.

We do not consider our foreign operations to be material and consider the risks attendant to our business with foreign customers, other than currency exchange risks, to be not materially different from those attendant to our business with domestic customers.

## Financial Information About Segments and Geographic Areas

Certain financial information regarding our operations by segment and geographic area is contained in Note O to our consolidated financial statements, which are included in Part II, Item 8 of this report.

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#### Access to Company Information

Davey Tree's internet address is http://www.davey.com. Through our internet website, by hyperlink to the SEC's website (http://www.sec.gov), Davey Tree makes available, free of charge, its Annual Report on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K, and all amendments to those reports. Availability of the reports occurs contemporaneous with the electronic posting to the SEC's website as the reports are electronically filed with or furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission.

The following documents are also made available on the Company's website and a copy will be mailed, without charge, upon request to our Corporate Secretary:

- Code of Ethics
- Code of Ethics for Financial Matters

#### Item 2. Properties.

Our corporate headquarters campus is located in Kent, Ohio which, along with several other properties in the surrounding area, includes the Davey Resource Group's research, technical support and laboratory diagnostic facilities.

We conduct administrative functions through our headquarters and our offices in Livermore, California (Utility Services). Our Canadian operations' administrative functions are conducted through properties located in the provinces of Ontario and British Columbia. We believe our properties are well maintained, in good condition and suitable for our present operations. A summary of our properties follows:

Number of

Square

Number of States or

<u>Segment</u>	<b>Properties</b>	How Held	<u>Footage</u>	<u>Provinces</u>
Residential and Commercial	20	Owned	169,377	12
Residential, Commercial and Utility	2	Owned	12,400	2
Utility	5	Owned	40,587	5
Canada	3	Owned	9,975	2

We also rent approximately 82 properties in 25 states and three provinces.

None of our owned or rented properties used by our business segments is individually material to our operations.

#### Item 3. Legal Proceedings.

We are a party to routine litigation incidental to our business. We do not believe that this litigation, individually or in the aggregate, will have a material affect on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

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## Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.

No matters were submitted to a vote of our shareholders during the fourth quarter of 2004.

## Item 4A. Executive Officers of the Registrant.

Our executive officers and their present positions and ages as of March 2, 2005 follows:

Name	Position	Age
R. Douglas Cowan	Chairman and Chief Executive Officer	64
Karl J. Warnke	President and Chief Operating Officer	53
David E. Adante	Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Secretary	53
Howard D. Bowles	Senior Vice President and General Manager, Davey Tree Surgery Company	61
C. Kenneth Celmer	Senior Vice President and General Manager, Residential and Commercial Services	58
Bradley L. Comport	Treasurer	53
Marjorie L. Conner, Esquire	Assistant Secretary	47
Dr. Roger C. Funk	Vice President and General Manager, The Davey Institute	60
George M. Gaumer	Vice President and General Manager, Commercial Landscape Services	52

Frederick W. Johnson	Corporate Vice President	60	
Steven A. Marshall	Vice President and General Manager, Eastern Utility Services	53	
Rosemary T. Nicholas	Assistant Secretary	61	
Gordon L. Ober	Vice President - Personnel Recruiting and Development	55	
Richard A. Ramsey	Vice President and General Manager, Canadian Operations	55	
Nicholas R. Sucic, CPA	Corporate Controller	58	3

Mr. Cowan was initially elected Chairman and Chief Executive Officer on March 11, 1999. Previously he had served as Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer since May 1997. Prior to that time, he served as President and Chief Executive Officer.

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Mr. Warnke was initially elected President and Chief Operating Officer on March 11, 1999. Prior to that time, he served as Executive Vice President and General Manager - Utility Services.

Mr. Adante was elected Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Secretary in May 1993.

Mr. Bowles was elected Senior Vice President and General Manager of Davey Tree Surgery Company in January 2000. Prior to that time, he served as Vice President and General Manager of Davey Tree Surgery Company.

Mr. Celmer was elected Senior Vice President and General Manager - Residential and Commercial Services in January 2000. Prior to that time, he served as Vice President and General Manager - Residential Services.

Mr. Comport was elected Treasurer in May 2001. Prior to that time, he served as Corporate Controller.

Ms. Conner was elected Assistant Secretary in May 1998. Prior to that time, she served as Manager of Legal and Treasury Services.

Dr. Funk was elected Vice President and General Manager - The Davey Institute in May 1996.

Mr. Gaumer was elected Vice President and General Manager of Commercial Landscape Services in March 2005. Prior to that time, he served as Vice President of Commercial Grounds Management.

Mr. Johnson was elected Corporate Vice President in January 2003. From 1999 to January 2003, he served as Vice President of Operations Support Services. Prior to joining us, Mr. Johnson served in various capacities, including director of operations and director of sales, at Lesco, Inc., a specialty provider of products for the professional turf care and green industry markets, from 1986 to 1999. Prior to joining Lesco, Mr. Johnson held various management positions at TruGreen/Chemlawn, a provider of lawn care, tree and shrub services and a segment of The Servicemaster Company, from 1979 to 1986.

Mr. Marshall was elected Vice President and General Manager of Eastern Utility Services in January 2003. Prior to that time, he served as Vice President - Northern Operations, Utility Service.

Ms. Nicholas was elected Assistant Secretary in May 1982.

Mr. Ober was elected Vice President - Personnel Recruiting and Development in February 2000. Prior to that time, he served as Vice President - New Ventures.

Mr. Ramsey was elected Vice President and General Manager - Canadian Operations in January 2000. Prior to that time, he served as Vice President and General Manager - Commercial Services.

Mr. Sucic was elected Corporate Controller in November 2001 when he joined the Company. He is a certified public accountant. Prior to joining us, Mr. Sucic served as chief financial officer of Vesper Corporation, a manufacturer of products for industry, from 2000 to 2001; of Advanced Lighting Technologies, Inc., a designer, manufacturer and marketer of metal halide lighting products, from 1996 to 2000; and of various asset management units at The Prudential Investment Corporation, from 1989 to 1996. Prior to joining Prudential, Mr. Sucic was a partner with Ernst & Young LLP, having been associated with that firm since 1970.

Our officers serve from the date of their election to the next organizational meeting of the Board of Directors and until their respective successors are elected.

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#### PART II

Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities.

Our common shares are not listed or traded on an established public trading market and market prices are, therefore, not available. Semiannually, for purposes of our 401KSOP, the fair market value of our common shares, based upon our performance and financial condition, is determined by an independent stock valuation firm. Since 1979, the Company has provided a ready market for all shareholders through its direct purchase of their common shares.

#### Record Holders and Common Shares

On March 1, 2005 we had 2,375 record holders of our common shares.

On March 1, 2005 we had 7,670,373 common shares outstanding, options exercisable to purchase 570,907 common shares, partially-paid subscriptions for 763,681 common shares and purchase rights outstanding for 254,774 common shares.

The partially-paid subscriptions related to common shares purchased at \$12.00 per share, in connection with the stock subscription offering completed in August 2002, whereby some employees opted to finance their subscription with a down-payment of at least 10% of their total purchase price and a seven-year promissory note for the balance due, with interest at 4.75%. Promissory note payments, of both principal and interest, are made either by payroll deduction or annual lump-sum payment. The promissory notes are collateralized with the common shares subscribed and the common shares are only issued when the related promissory note is paid-in-full. Dividends are paid on all unissued subscribed shares.

The purchase rights outstanding were granted to purchase one additional common share at the price of \$12.00 per share for every two common shares purchased in connection with the stock subscription offering completed in August 2002. Each right may be exercised at the rate of one-seventh per year and will expire seven years after the date that the

right was granted. Employees may not exercise a right should they cease to be employed by the Company.

#### **Dividends**

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, the dividends declared on our common shares (in cents):

	Year Ended 1	December 31,
<b>Quarter</b>	2004	2003
1	6.5	6.0
2	6.5	6.0
3	6.5	6.0
4	7.0	6.5
	<del></del>	_
Total	26.5	24.5

We presently expect to pay comparable cash dividends in 2005.

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## Recent Sale of Unregistered Securities

None.

#### **Purchases of Equity Securities**

The following table provides information on purchases made by the Company of its Common Shares during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004.

Period Fiscal 2004	Total Number of Shares <u>Purchased</u>	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
January 4 to January 31 February 1 to February 28 February 29 to April 3	12,538 32,570	\$ 13.50 15.70	n/a n/a n/a	n/a n/a n/a
Total First Quarter	45,108	15.09		
April 4 to May 1 May 2 to May 29 May 30 to July 3	81,941 71,040 19,766	15.70 15.70 15.70	n/a n/a n/a	n/a n/a n/a
Total Second Quarter	172,747	15.70		
July 4 to July 31 August 1 to August 28 August 29 to October 2	882 37,119 46,733	15.70 18.20 18.20	n/a n/a n/a	n/a n/a n/a
Total Third Quarter	84,734	18.17		

October 3 to October 30 October 31 to December 4 December 5 to January 1	74,847 31,859 21,512	18.20 18.20 18.20	n/a n/a n/a	n/a n/a n/a
Total Fourth Quarter	128,218	18.20		
Total Year to Date	430,807	16.87		

n/a--Not applicable. There are no publicly announced plans or programs to purchase Common Shares.

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Item 6. Selected Financial Data.

	Fiscal Year Ended December 31,									
	_	2004		2003		2002	_	2001		2000
Operating Statement Data:		(In t	10U	sands, ex	cepi	t ratio and	d pe	er share d	lata	1)
Revenues	\$	398,648	\$	346,263	\$	319,273	\$	321,284	\$	322,236
Costs and expenses:										
Operating		263,080		226,454		211,549		212,783		226,441
Selling		64,010		56,758		50,865		50,564		49,978
General and administrative		27,908		25,947		22,800		22,567		23,015
Depreciation		21,083		19,274		19,370		19,054		20,722
Amortization of intangible assets		1,545		1,501		692		466		459
Income from operations		01.000		16000		44.00=			_	
Interest expense		21,022		16,329		13,997		15,850		1,621
Interest income		(1,827)		(2,062)		(3,121)		(4,993)		(6,217)
Gain on sale of assets		1,949 552		229		82		(13)		(11)
Other expense		(800)		931		2,054		1,023		1,172
Office expense	_	(800)	_	(694)		(1,075)	_	(731)		(49)
Income (loss) before income taxes		20,896		14,733		11,937		11,136		(2.494)
Income taxes (benefit)		8,643		6,016		4,716		4,405		(3,484) (1,080)
Net income (loss)	\$	12,253	\$	8,717	\$	7,221	\$	6,731	\$	(2,404)
Net income (loss) per share-diluted	\$	1.37	\$	.99	\$	.85	\$	.82	\$	(.30)
Shares used for computing per share amountsdiluted		8,923		8,806		8,508		8,231		7,929
Other Financial Data:									_	
Depreciation and amortization	\$	22,628	\$	20,775	\$	20,062	\$	19,520	\$	21,181
Capital expenditures		38,482		19,975		16,127		11,692		17,476

Cash flow provided by (used in):							
Operating activities	54,010	28,263	29,427		29,813		31,267
Investing activities	(38,119)	(19,740)	(16,670)		(10,356)		(14,209)
Financing activities	(14,858)	(8,903)	(12,572)		(19,108)		(17,209) $(17,058)$
Dividends per share	\$ .26	\$ .24	\$ .24	\$	22	¢	.22
			 	_		4	

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	As of December 31,					
	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	
Balance Sheet Data:	(In thousands, except ratio and per share data)					
Working capital	\$ 22,207	\$ 20,208	\$ 15,422	\$ 16,255	\$ 35,386	
Current ratio	1.38	1.42	1.33	1.39	2.09	
Property and equipment, net	83,600	66,753	66,863	70,111	78,076	
Total assets	183,105	166,837	161,156	155,473	159,382	
Long-term debt	19,830	30,178	36,605	41,887	57,414	
Other long-term liabilities	34,681	26,323	24,335	21,904	22,078	
Shareholders' equity	70,203	62,147	54,135	50,250	47,392	
Common shares:						
Issued	10,728	10,728	10,728	10,728	10,728	
In treasury	3,074	2,924	3,048	3,000	2,932	
Net outstanding	7,654	7,804	7,680	7,728	7,796	
Stock options:						
Outstanding	990	1,019	868	1,205	1,342	
Exercisable	580	507	868	1,205	1,236	
ESOT valuation per share	\$ 20.00	\$ 15.70	\$ 12.80	\$ 12.00	\$ 11.00	

Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

## (Amounts in thousands, except share data)

You should read the following discussion in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements for the three-year period ended December 31, 2004, and the notes thereto, included elsewhere in this annual report.

#### **GENERAL**

We provide a wide range of horticultural services to residential, commercial, utility and institutional customers

throughout the United States and Canada.

Our operating results are reported in two segments: Residential and Commercial Services and Utility Services for operations in the United States. Residential and Commercial Services provides for the treatment, preservation, maintenance, cultivation, planting and removal of trees, shrubs and other plant life; its services also include the practice of landscaping, tree surgery, tree feeding and tree spraying, as well as the application of fertilizer, herbicides and insecticides. Utility Services is principally engaged in the practice of line clearing for investor-owned and municipal utilities, including the clearing of tree growth from power lines, clearance of rights-of-way and chemical brush control.

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We also have two nonreportable segments: Canadian operations, which provides a comprehensive range of Davey horticultural services, and Davey Resource Group, which provides services related to natural resource management and consulting, forestry research and development, and environmental planning. In addition, the Davey Resource Group also maintains research, technical support and laboratory diagnostic facilities.

## **RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

The following table sets forth our consolidated results of operations as a percentage of revenues.

	Year Ended December 31,				
	_2004_	2003	2002		
Revenues	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%		
Costs and expenses:					
Operating	66.0	65.5	66.3		
Selling	16.0	16.4	15.9		
General and administrative	7.0	7.5	7.1		
Depreciation	5.3	5.6	6.1		
Amortization of intangible assets	.4	.4	.2		
	94.7	95.4	95.6		
Income from operations	5.3	4.6	4.4		
Other income (expense):		1.0	7.7		
Interest expense	(.5)	(.6)	(1.0)		
Interest income	.5	.1	(1.0)		
Gain on sale of assets	.1	.3	.6		
Other	(.2)	(.2)	(.3)		
Income before income taxes	5.2	4.2	3.7		
Income taxes	2.1	1.7	1.4		
Net income	3.1%	2.5%	2.3%		

#### Overview

Revenues of \$398,648 were 15.1% higher than last year's revenues of \$346,263. All operating segments experienced revenue increases from the prior year. Utility Services revenues increased 18.9% while Residential and Commercial Services were up 9.6%. All other revenues, comprised of the Canadian operations and Davey Resource Group, were up 25.3%.

Overall, income from operations of \$21,022 increased 28.7% from the \$16,329 experienced in the prior year. Utility Services experienced the largest increase, the result of storm-damage work from damages inflicted by the hurricanes in the southeastern United States, primarily Florida, as well as an increased demand for utility services. Our Canadian operations also contributed to the increase, a reflection of the continued demand for services.

Net income of \$12,253 was \$3,536 or 40.6% higher than the \$8,717 earned in 2003. The increase in net income was favorably impacted by higher revenues and income from operations, a decrease in interest expense, the result of lower interest rates and lower average debt levels, and by the recognition of \$1,692 of interest income in connection with the collection of the prepetition accounts receivable from Pacific Gas & Electric. We have continued to aggressively manage our cash flow, reduce debt and increase our equity-to-debt ratio and, as a result, as of December 31, 2004 our bank debt, consisting of borrowings on our revolving credit facility had declined \$10,600 from the prior year end.

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## Fiscal 2004 Compared to Fiscal 2003

Revenues—Revenues of \$398,648 increased \$52,385 over the \$346,263 reported in 2003. Utility Services increased \$27,516 or 18.9% from the prior year and is the result of storm-damage work arising from damages inflicted by hurricanes in the southeastern United States, primarily Florida, as well as contract pricing adjustments, new contracts and increased productivity, within our eastern and western utility operations. Residential and Commercial Services increased \$15,899 or 9.6% over 2003, primarily the result of work in New York related to the Asian Longhorned Beetle (ALB) as well as additional work arising from damages inflicted by hurricanes in the southeastern United States. Canadian operations increased \$7,200 or 34.6% compared with \$20,809 in 2003. New contracts and increases in existing contracts from 2003 as well as improved economic conditions and weather factors account for the increase generally in all operations.

Operating Expenses—Operating expenses of \$263,080 increased \$36,626 from the prior year, and as a percentage of revenues increased .5% to 66.0%. Utility Services experienced an increase of \$17,182 from the prior year, the result of additional costs for labor and equipment associated with the hurricane-inflicted storm-damage work coupled with new contracts obtained within our eastern utility operations and increased revenues within our western utility operations. Residential and Commercial Services increased \$13,440 primarily for labor and materials associated with the 2004 addition of the Asian Longhorned Beetle contract in New York as well as additional costs for labor and equipment associated with the hurricane-inflicted storm damage. Canadian operations experienced an increase of \$4,431 or 37.5% compared with the prior year for labor and equipment associated with the increased revenues.

Selling Expenses—Selling expenses of \$64,010 increased \$7,252 from 2003 but as a percentage of revenues decreased .4% to 16.0%. Utility Services experienced an increase of \$3,187 or 24.7% over the same period last year, primarily for field management wages and incentives associated with increased earnings from operations. Residential and Commercial Services experienced an increase of \$2,270 or 5.5% over the prior year. The increase is attributable to field management wages and incentives associated with the increased revenues. Canadian operations increased \$1,264 or 30.7% over the same period last year. Increased field management wages and incentives, the result of increased revenues, contributed to the increase.

General and Administrative Expenses—General and administrative expenses increased \$1,961 to \$27,908 or 7.6% from the \$25,947 experienced in 2003 but as a percentage of revenues decreased .5% to 7.0%. Of the \$1,961 increase, \$829 relates to the adoption of the Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan, the Benefits Restoration Pension Plan, the 401KSOP Match Restoration Plan and the awards of Performance Restricted-Stock Units. Increases in salaries and incentive expense of \$744 also occurred, the result of increased revenues and stronger earnings performance. Also included in 2004 are third-party costs (excluding internal costs) related to compliance with Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 of \$302.

Depreciation and Amortization Expense--Depreciation and amortization expense of \$22,628 increased \$1,853 from the prior year but as a percentage of revenues decreased .3% to 5.7%. The increase is attributable to additional capital expenditures within Utility Services, necessitated by additional contracts obtained in 2004, and new business acquisitions within Residential and Commercial Services. Depreciation and amortization expense in 2005 is expected

to exceed 2004 levels.

*Interest Expense*--Interest expense of \$1,827 declined \$235 or 11.4% from the \$2,062 incurred in 2003. The decline continues to be the result of lower average debt levels during the year.

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*Interest Income*--Interest income of \$1,949 increased \$1,720 from the \$229 experienced in 2003. The increase is attributable to the recognition of \$1,692 in connection with the collection of the prepetition accounts receivable from Pacific Gas & Electric.

Gain on Sale of Assets—Gain on the sale of assets of \$552 decreased \$379 from the \$931 experienced in 2003. The decrease is attributable to a reduction in the number of vehicles disposed of as compared to 2003.

Income Taxes--Income tax expense for 2004 was \$8,643. The 2004 effective rate of 41.4% includes a 5.7% effect of state income taxes.

Net Income-Net income of \$12,253 exceeded 2003's net income by \$3,536, or an increase of .6% as a percentage of revenues.

#### Fiscal 2003 Compared to Fiscal 2002

**Revenues**--Revenues of \$346,263 increased \$26,990 over the \$319,273 reported in 2002. Utility Services increased \$12,763 or 9.6% from the prior year and is the result of additional contracts and pricing adjustments within our western utility operations as well as additional revenues in our eastern utility operations due to additional storm-damage work in North Carolina. Residential and Commercial Services increased \$10,635 or 6.8% over 2002, primarily related to acquisitions made in 2003 and the latter half of 2002 as well as more favorable weather conditions during the year.

Operating Expenses—Operating expenses of \$226,454 increased \$14,905 from the prior year, but as a percentage of revenues decreased .8% to 65.5%. Utility Services experienced an increase of \$11,756 from the prior year, the result of labor and equipment costs associated with new contracts obtained within our western utility operations. Residential and Commercial increased \$3,785 primarily the result of storm-damage work in North Carolina.

Selling Expenses—Selling expenses of \$56,758 increased \$5,893 from 2002 and as a percentage of revenues increased .5% to 16.4%. Residential and Commercial Services increased \$6,214, primarily for field management wages, branch office expenses and wages associated with purchased operations that were acquired in 2003 and the latter half of 2002. All other segments combined decreased \$321.

General and Administrative Expenses—General and administrative expenses increased \$3,147 to \$25,947 or 13.8% from the \$22,800 experienced in 2002. The increase is attributable to: (a) an increase in professional services of \$1,197, arising from a \$600 credit in 2002 from the resolution of disputed services; (b) the recognition of pension expense in 2003 as compared to income in 2002, a change of \$1,025; and, (c) an increase in employee wage and incentive expense of \$550.

**Depreciation and Amortization Expense**--Depreciation and amortization expense of \$20,775 increased \$713 from the prior year but as a percentage of revenues decreased .3% to 6.0%. The increase was the result of additional capital expenditures for equipment and business acquisitions within Residential and Commercial Services. Depreciation and amortization expense in 2004 is anticipated to increase over 2003 as a result of acquisitions.

*Interest Expense*—Interest expense of \$2,062 declined \$1,059 or 33.9% from the \$3,121 incurred in 2002. Lower average debt-levels and lower interest rates on bank borrowings account for the decrease.

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Gain on Sale of Assets—Gain on the sale of assets of \$931 decreased \$1,123 from the \$2,054 experienced in 2002. The decrease is the result of the recognition of the 2002 sale of a facility associated with our Residential and Commercial Services operations.

Income Taxes--Income tax expense for 2003 was \$6,016. The 2003 effective rate of 40.8% includes a 6.7% effect of state income taxes.

Net Income-Net income of \$8,717 exceeded 2002's net income by \$1,496, or an increase of .2% as a percentage of revenues.

## LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Our principal financial requirements are for capital spending, working capital and business acquisitions.

Cash increased \$1,033 during the year ended December 31, 2004. Net cash provided by operating activities of \$54,010 were offset by uses of cash consisting of \$38,119 for investing activities and \$14,858 for financing activities.

## Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities

Operating activities in 2004 provided cash of \$54,010, or \$25,747 higher than the \$28,263 provided in 2003. The \$25,747 net increase was due to a decrease in accounts receivable, deferred taxes and other assets and increases in self-insurance accruals and accounts payable and accrued expenses.

Overall, accounts receivable dollars decreased \$1,272 in 2004 as compared to the \$4,017 increase experienced in 2003 although the "days-sales-outstanding" in accounts receivable increased 8 days as at December 31, 2004 as compared with the prior year end. The increase in the days-sales-outstanding relates to work performed for our utility service customers, primarily related to storm-damage work and contract modifications.

On April 6, 2001, Pacific Gas & Electric ("PG&E") voluntarily filed for reorganization under Chapter 11 of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code. On June 19, 2003, it was announced that Pacific Gas & Electric Corporation ("PG&E Corporation," the parent company of PG&E), the staff of the California Public Utilities Commission ("CPUC"), and PG&E entered into a settlement agreement. Subsequently, PG&E Corporation, PG&E, and the Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors ("OCC"), as co-proponents, filed the settlement agreement with the bankruptcy court. In December 2003, the CPUC approved the settlement agreement and the bankruptcy court confirmed the plan of reorganization.

PG&E is one of the Company's largest utility customers. Subsequent to the bankruptcy petition date, April 6, 2001, the Company continued to provide services under the terms of its contracts with PG&E and received payment for postpetition date services performed.

On April 12, 2004, PG&E announced that its plan of reorganization under Chapter 11 of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code became effective and that the holders of record of allowed claims would be paid. Davey Tree was a holder of allowed claims related to prepetition accounts receivable that arose prior to the filing date of PG&E's voluntary bankruptcy petition on April 6, 2001. On April 13, 2004, the Company received payment of \$13,326 from PG&E in settlement of allowed claims related to prepetition accounts receivable.

For the period from the bankruptcy petition date, April 6, 2001, through April 13, 2004, interest was payable on the prepetition accounts receivable. Interest received during 2004 totaled \$297 (with \$559 received in 2003 and \$836 in 2002).

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Accounts payable and accrued expenses increased \$7,249 in 2004, an increase of \$6,870 when compared to the

increase of \$379 experienced in 2003. The increase is primarily attributable to an increase in trade payables, employee compensation, accrued vacation, self-insured medical claims and tax liabilities. These increases were partially offset by decreases in commercial insurance payables and income taxes payable.

Self-insurance accruals increased \$6,832 in 2004, \$2,298 more than the increase experienced in 2003. The increase occurred in all classifications, workers compensation, general liability and vehicle liability and resulted primarily from an overall increase in deductible amounts under commercial insurance, or the self-insured risk retention.

Other assets decreased \$1,181 in 2004, a change of \$2,087 over the \$906 increase in 2003. The decrease is the result of reductions in advance payments for insurance premiums related to our workers compensation, vehicle liability and general liability policies, prepaid pension costs and increases in costs associated with our defined benefit plans.

#### Net Cash Used in Investing Activities

Investing activities used \$38,119 in cash, or \$18,379 more than that used in 2003, the result of higher expenditures for equipment and business acquisitions. The expenditures were offset by lesser proceeds from the sale of property and equipment. We anticipate the level of capital expenditures in 2005 will not exceed that of 2004.

#### Net Cash Used in Financing Activities

Financing activities used \$14,858 in 2004, an increase of \$5,955 over the \$8,903 used in 2003. Net borrowings outstanding, from the revolving credit agreement, decreased by \$10,600. The continued decrease was consistent with our planned efforts to reduce debt levels. Borrowings of notes payable decreased \$278 while other debt and capital lease obligations increased \$730. Purchases of common shares for treasury of \$7,253 was offset by cash received from the sale of common shares of \$3,993 and \$794 of cash received on our common share subscription. Dividends paid during 2004 totaled \$2,244.

Revolving Credit Facility--In December 2004 the Company executed an amendment to its revolving credit facility. The amended agreement, which expires in December 2007, permits borrowings as defined up to \$120,000 with a letter of credit sublimit of \$60,000 (the previous agreement permitted borrowings up to \$90,000 with a letter of credit sublimit of \$40,000). The revolving credit facility contains certain affirmative and negative covenants customary for this type of facility and includes financial covenant ratios, as defined, with respect to interest coverage, funded debt to EBITDA (earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization), and funded debt to capitalization.

#### Contractual Obligations Summary

The following is a summary of our long-term contractual obligations, as at December 31, 2004 to make future payments for the periods indicated.

		Contractu	al Obligati	ons Due-Y	ear Ending	December	
Description	Total	2005	_2006	2007	2008	<u>2009</u>	Thereafter
Revolving credit facility Term loans	\$ 18,700 2,040	\$ - 910	\$ - 665	\$ 18,700 465	\$	\$ -	\$ -
Capital lease obligations Operating lease obligations Self-insurance accruals Other liabilities	4,415 5,945 37,381 2,225	1,217 2,159 12,938	1,053 1,487 8,383 1,106	1,421 1,172 5,811 495	477 707 3,190 250	247 269 1,726 212	151 5,333 162
	\$ 70,706	\$ 17,224	\$ 12,694	\$ 28,064	\$ 4,624	\$ 2,454	\$ 5,646

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The self-insurance accruals in the summary above reflect the total of the undiscounted amount accrued, for which

amounts estimated to be due each year may differ from actual payments required to fund claims. Other liabilities include estimates of future expected funding requirements related to retirement plans and other sundry items. Because their future cash outflows are uncertain, noncurrent deferred taxes have been excluded from the summary above.

As at December 31, 2004, we were contingently liable to our principal banks in the amount of \$50,290 of which \$46,060 is committed under the revolving credit facility. Substantially all of these letters of credit, which expire within a year, are planned for renewal as necessary.

Also, as is common with our industry, we have performance obligations that are supported by surety bonds, which expire during 2005 through 2008. We intend to renew the performance bonds where appropriate and as necessary.

## Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

There are no "off-balance sheet arrangements" as that term is defined in Regulation S-K, Item 303(a)(4)(ii).

#### Capital Resources

Cash generated from operations and our revolving credit facility are our primary sources of capital.

Business seasonality results in higher revenues during the second and third quarters as compared with the first and fourth quarters of the year, while our methods of accounting for fixed costs, such as depreciation and interest expense, are not significantly impacted by business seasonality. Capital resources during these periods are equally effected. We satisfy seasonal working capital needs and other financing requirements with the revolving credit facility and several other short-term lines of credit. We are continuously reviewing our existing sources of financing and evaluating alternatives. At December 31, 2004, we had working capital of \$22,207, short-term lines of credit approximating \$3,073, and \$55,240 available under our revolving credit facility.

Our sources of capital presently allow us the financial flexibility to meet our capital spending plan and to complete business acquisitions.

## Accounting Pronouncement Issued But Not Yet Adopted

In December 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 123 (revised), "Share-Based Payment," ("FAS 123R"). FAS 123R requires that the cost resulting from all share-based payment transactions be recognized in the financial statements and establishes a fair-value measurement objective in determining the value of such a cost. FAS 123R will be effective for the year beginning January 1, 2006. FAS 123R is a revision of FAS 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation," and supersedes APB Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees." The Company is currently evaluating the impact of FAS 123R on its consolidated financial statements.

## **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

Our consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The preparation of these financial statements requires the use of estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the periods presented.

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On an ongoing basis, we evaluate our estimates and assumptions, including those related to accounts receivable, specifically those receivables under contractual arrangements primarily arising from Utility Services customers; allowance for doubtful accounts; and self-insurance accruals. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other factors that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

We believe the following are our "critical accounting policies and estimates"--those most important to the financial presentations and those that require the most difficult, subjective or complex judgments.

Revenue Recognition—Revenues from Residential and Commercial Services are recognized as the services are provided and amounts are determined to be collectible. Revenues from contractual arrangements, primarily with Utility

Services customers, are recognized based on costs incurred to total estimated contract costs. Changes in estimates and

assumptions related to total estimated contract costs may have a material effect on the amounts reported as receivables

arising from contractual arrangements and the corresponding amounts of revenues and profit.

 ${\it Utility Services Customers--} We generate a significant portion of revenues and corresponding accounts receivable$ 

from our Utility Services customers in the utility industry. One Utility Services customer, PG&E, approximated 13% of

revenues during 2004, 14% during 2003 and 13% during 2002. Adverse conditions in the utility industry or individual

utility customer operations may affect the collectibility of our receivables or our ability to generate ongoing revenues.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts--In determining the allowance for doubtful accounts, we evaluate the collectibility

of our accounts receivables based on a combination of factors. In circumstances where we are aware of a specific

customer's inability to meet its financial obligations to us (e.g., bankruptcy filings), we record a specific allowance for

doubtful accounts against amounts due to reduce the net recognized receivable to the amount we reasonably believe will

be collected. For all other customers, we recognize allowances for doubtful accounts based on the length of time

receivables are past due. If circumstances change (e.g., unexpected material adverse changes in a major customer's

ability to meet its financial obligation to us or higher than expected customer defaults), our estimates of the recoverability

of amounts could differ from the actual amounts recovered.

Self-Insurance Accruals—We are generally self-insured for losses and liabilities related primarily to workers' compensation, vehicle liability and general liability claims. We use commercial insurance as a risk-reduction strategy to

minimize catastrophic losses. We accrue ultimate losses based upon estimates of the aggregate liability for claims

incurred using certain actuarial assumptions followed in the insurance industry and based on our specific experience.

Our self-insurance accruals include claims for which the ultimate losses will develop over a period of years. Accordingly,

our estimates of ultimate losses can change as claims mature. Our accruals also are affected by changes in the number of

new claims incurred and claim severity. The methodology for estimating ultimate losses and the total cost of claims were

determined by third-party consulting actuaries; the resulting accruals are continually reviewed by us, and any adjustments arising from changes in estimates are reflected in income currently.

Our self-insurance accruals are based on estimates and, while we believe that the amounts accrued are adequate, the

ultimate claims may be in excess of or less than the amounts provided.

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#### Market Risk Information

In the normal course of business, we are exposed to market risk related to changes in interest rates and changes in foreign currency exchange rates. We do not hold or issue derivative financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

#### Interest Rate Risk

We are exposed to market risk related to changes in interest rates on long-term debt obligations. The interest rates on substantially all of our long-term debt outstanding are variable. We have entered into interest rate swaps to limit our exposure to interest rate volatility. (Interest rate "swaps" are the exchange of interest rate payments based on fixed versus floating interest rates which reduce the risk of interest rate changes on future interest expense-"hedging.")

The following table provides information, as of December 31, 2004, about our debt obligations and interest rate swaps. For debt obligations, the table presents principal cash flows, weighted-average interest rates by expected maturity dates and fair values. For the interest rate swaps, the table presents the underlying face (notional) amount, weighted-average interest rate by contractual maturity dates and the fair value to settle the swaps at December 31, 2004. Weighted-average interest rates used for variable rate obligations are based on rates as derived from published spot rates, in effect as at December 31, 2004.

	2005	2006	December 3	08	20	09	Thereafter	:	_ Total	Fair Value December 31, 2004
Liabilities Long-term debt Fixed rate Average interest rate	\$ 36 10.0%	\$ 40 10.0%	\$ 40 10.0%	\$ -	\$	-	\$	ů,	\$ 116	\$ 116
Variable rate Average interest rate	\$ 874 3.8%	\$ 625 4.5%	\$ 19,125 4.6%	\$ 0.0	\$	-	\$		\$ 20,624	\$ 20,164
Interest rate derivative instruments Interest rate swap: Pay fixed, notional amount Average pay rate Average receive rate	\$ - 2.89% 2.52%	\$ - 2.89% 3.61%	\$ 15,000 2.89% 4.92%	\$ 99	8	-	\$	ą.	\$ 15,000	\$ 13

Interest rates, as of December 31, 2004, on the fixed-rate debt was 10.0% and interest rates on the variable-rate debt ranged from 2.9% to 5.3%.

The interest rate swap has an underlying face (notional) amount of \$15,000, which is used to calculate the cash flow to be exchanged and does not represent the exposure to credit loss. If we were to settle the swap agreement at December 31, 2004 (fair value), we would pay \$13.

#### Foreign Currency Rate Risk

We are exposed to market risk related to foreign currency exchange rate risk resulting from our operations in Canada, where we provide a comprehensive range of horticultural services.

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Our financial results could be affected by factors such as changes in the foreign currency exchange rate or differing economic conditions in the Canadian markets as compared with the markets for our services in the United States. Our

earnings are affected by translation exposures from currency fluctuations in the value of the U. S. dollar as compared to the Canadian dollar. Similarly, the Canadian dollar-denominated assets and liabilities may result in financial exposure as to the timing of transactions and the net asset / liability position of our Canadian operations.

For the year ended December 31, 2004, the result of a hypothetical 10% uniform change in the value of the U.S. dollar as compared with the Canadian dollar would not have a material effect on our results of operations or our financial position. Our sensitivity analysis of the effects of changes in foreign currency exchange rates does not factor in a potential change in sales levels or local currency prices.

#### Impact of Inflation

The impact of inflation on the results of operations has not been significant in recent years.

#### Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

The information set forth in "Market Risk Information" under Item 7. "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" is incorporated herein by reference.

## Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.

Our consolidated financial statements are attached hereto and listed on page F-1 of this annual report.

## Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure.

None.

#### Item 9A. Controls and Procedures.

## (a) Management's Discussion of Controls Over Financial Reporting

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. The Company's internal control framework and processes were designed to provide reasonable assurance to management and the Board of Directors that the Company's financial reporting is reliable and that the Company's consolidated financial statements for external purposes have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

Management recognizes its responsibility for fostering a strong ethical climate so that the Company's affairs are conducted according to the highest standards of personal and corporate conduct.

The Company's internal controls over financial reporting include policies and procedures that:

- provide for the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the business transactions of the Company;

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- provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded properly to allow for the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles; and,
- provide reasonable assurance that the unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets will be prevented, or at the minimum, detected in a timely manner.

We maintain a dynamic system of internal controls and processes--including internal controls over financial reporting-designed to ensure reliable financial recordkeeping, transparent financial reporting and disclosure, and protection of physical and intellectual property.

No system of internal control over financial reporting can provide absolute guarantees, but only reasonable assurances of the prevention or detection of misstatements. The Company's processes, however, contain self-monitoring mechanisms, and actions will be taken to correct deficiencies as they are identified.

Management assessed the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting and concluded that, as of December 31, 2004, such internal control is effective. In making this assessment, management used the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO") in "Internal Control - Integrated Framework."

To comply with the requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the Company designed and implemented a structured and comprehensive compliance process to evaluate its internal control over financial reporting across the enterprise.

In addition, the Company maintains a testing program that assesses the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, including testing of the five COSO elements, and recommends improvements.

The Company's independent auditor, Ernst & Young LLP, with direct access to the Company's Board of Directors through its Audit Committee, has audited the consolidated financial statements prepared by the Company. Their report on the consolidated financial statements is included elsewhere herein.

## (b) Management's Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

As of the end of the period covered by this Form 10-K, we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures. Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were operating effectively in alerting them on a timely basis to material information required to be included in our periodic filings with the SEC.

## (c) Management's Annual Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

The management of The Davey Tree Expert Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting of the Company. Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, we conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2004 based on the framework in "Internal Control--Integrated Framework" issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). Based on that evaluation, our management concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2004.

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The Davey Tree Expert Company's independent auditor, Ernst & Young LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, has issued an audit report on management's assessment of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting. This audit report appears below.

/s/ R. Douglas Cowan Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

/s/ David E. Adante

/s/ Nicholas R. Sucic
Corporate Controller and

Executive Vice President, Corporate Controller and Chief Financial Officer and Secretary Chief Accounting Officer

Kent, Ohio February 28, 2005

## (d) Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There have been no significant changes in our internal control over financial reporting or in other factors that have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect these internal controls over financial reporting subsequent to the date we carried out our evaluation.

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## (e) Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Shareholders and the Board of Directors The Davey Tree Expert Company

We have audited management's assessment, included in the accompanying Management's Annual Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting, that The Davey Tree Expert Company maintained effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2004, based on criteria established in Internal Control-Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (the COSO criteria). The Davey Tree Expert Company's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on management's assessment and an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, evaluating management's assessment, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, management's assessment that The Davey Tree Expert Company maintained effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2004, is fairly stated, in all material respects, based on the COSO criteria. Also, in our opinion, The Davey Tree Expert Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2004, based on the COSO criteria.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheets of The Davey Tree Expert Company as of December 31, 2004 and 2003, and the related consolidated statements of operations, shareholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2004 of The Davey Tree Expert Company and our report dated February 28, 2005, expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

Akron, Ohio February 28, 2005

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#### Item 9B. Other Information.

On December 2, 2004, the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors of the Company approved the amendment, effective January 1, 2005, of The Davey Tree Expert Company Board of Directors Deferred Compensation Plan (the "Plan") in order to comply with the requirements of the American Jobs Creation Act of 2004 (the "AJC Act"). The Plan, previously and as amended, permits Directors of the Company to defer the receipt of all or a portion of the fees payable to them by virtue of their service as Directors. The amendments to the Plan will cause amounts that have been deferred under the Plan for periods beginning before January 1, 2005 to remain subject to the law as in effect prior to the effectiveness of the AJC Act, and to allow for the deferral of Directors' compensation for periods beginning after December 31, 2004, which will be subject to the law as in effect following the effectiveness of the AJC Act.

A copy of The Davey Tree Expert Company Board of Directors Revised Deferred Compensation Plan is attached to this annual report on Form 10-K as Exhibit No. 10.9.

#### PART III

## Item 10. Directors and Executive Officers of the Registrant.

Information about our executive officers is in the section "Executive Officers of the Registrant" in Part I, Item 4A of this report.

Information about our directors is in the section "Election of Directors" of our 2005 Proxy Statement, which is incorporated into this report by reference.

Information about our audit committee financial experts is in the section "Report of the Audit Committee" of our 2005 Proxy Statement, which is incorporated into this report by reference.

Information required by Item 405 of Regulation S-K is in the section "Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance" of our 2005 Proxy Statement, which is incorporated into this report by reference.

## Item 11. Executive Compensation.

Information about director compensation is in the section "Compensation of Directors" and information about executive compensation is in the section "Compensation of Executive Officers" of the 2005 Proxy Statement, which are incorporated into this report by reference.

## Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management.

Information about ownership of our common shares by certain persons is in the section "Ownership of Common Shares" of the 2005 Proxy Statement, which is incorporated into this report by reference. Information about our securities authorized for issuance under equity compensation plans is in the section "Equity Compensation Plans Information" of the 2005 Proxy Statement, which is incorporated into this report by reference.

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## Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions.

Information about certain transactions between the Company and its affiliates and certain other persons is in the sections "Election of Directors" of our 2005 Proxy Statement, which is incorporated into this report by reference.

## Item 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services.

Information about our principal accountant's fees and services is in the section "Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm, Fees and Other Matters" of our 2005 Proxy Statement, which is incorporated into this report by reference.

#### **PART IV**

## Item 15. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules.

## (a) (1) and (a) (2) Financial Statements and Schedules.

The response to this portion of Item 15 is set forth on page F-1 of this report.

#### (b) Exhibits.

The exhibits to this Form 10-K are submitted as a separate section of this report. See Exhibit Index.

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#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized on March 4, 2005.

#### THE DAVEY TREE EXPERT COMPANY

By: /s/ R. Douglas Cowan

R. Douglas Cowan, Chairman and

Chief Executive Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities indicated on March 4, 2005.

R. Douglas Cowan, Director, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)	/s/ Robert A. Stefanko Robert A. Stefanko, Director
/s/ R. Cary Blair R. Cary Blair, Director	/s/ Karl J.  Warnke  Karl J. Warnke, Director,  President and Chief Operating Officer
/s/ Dr. Carol A. Cartwright Dr. Carol A. Cartwright, Director	/s/ David E. Adante David E. Adante, Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Secretary (Principal Financial Officer)
/s/ Russell R. Gifford Russell R. Gifford, Director	/s/ Nicholas R. Sucic Nicholas R. Sucic, Corporate Controller (Principal Accounting Officer)
/s/ Douglas K. Hall Douglas K. Hall, Director	
/s/ Willard R. Holland Willard R. Holland, Director	

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## **EXHIBIT INDEX**

Exhibit No.	Description
3.1	2003 Amended Articles of Incorporation (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.3 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 27, 2003).
3.2	1987 Amended and Restated Regulations of The Davey Tree Expert Company (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (3)(ii) to the Registrant's Annual Repot on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001).

10.1	1994 Omnibus Stock Plan	Filed Herewith
10.2	Credit Agreement by and among the Company and KeyBank National Association, as lead arranger, syndication agent and administrative agent and National City Bank, as documentation agent, for various lending institutions dated as of November 8, 2002 (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2002).	
10.3	Amendment No. 1 to Credit Agreement by and among the Company and KeyBank National Association, as lead arranger, syndication agent and administrative agent and National City Bank, as documentation agent, for various lending institutions dated as of November 8, 2002 (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003).	
10.4	Amendment No. 3 to Credit Agreement by and among The Davey Tree Expert Company and KeyBank National Association, as lead arranger, syndication agent and administrative agent and National City Bank, as documentation agent, for various lending institutions dated as of November 8, 2002 (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K dated December 21, 2004).	
10.5	2004 Omnibus Stock Plan (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended July 3, 2004).	
10.6	2004 401KSOP Match Restoration Plan (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended July 3, 2004).	
10.7	Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended July 3, 2004).	
10.8	Retirement Benefit Restoration Plan (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended July 3, 2004).	
	Page 29	
10.9	The Davey Tree Expert Company Board of Directors Revised Deferred Compensation Plan	Filed Herewith
14	Code of Ethics (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 14 to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003).	

Consent of Ernst & Young LLP, Independent Registered Public

Subsidiaries of the Registrant

Accounting Firm

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Filed Herewith

Filed Herewith

31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	Filed Herewith
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	Filed Herewith
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.	Furnished Herewith
32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 18 U.S.C. Section 1350.	Furnished Herewith

The documents listed as Exhibits 10.1, 10.2, 10.6, 10.7, 10.8 and 10.9 constitute management contracts or compensatory plans or arrangements.

The Registrant is a party to certain instruments, copies of which will be furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission upon request, defining the rights of holders of long-term debt.

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#### ANNUAL REPORT ON FORM 10-K

ITEM 8, ITEM 15 (a)(1) AND (2)

## LIST OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

CERTAIN EXHIBITS

FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

THE DAVEY TREE EXPERT COMPANY

KENT, OHIO

LIST OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

FORM 10-K - ITEM 15(a)(1) AND (2)

THE DAVEY TREE EXPERT COMPANY

The following consolidated financial statements of The Davey Tree Expert Company are included in Item 8:

## Audited Consolidated Financial Statements:

	Report of Ernst & Young LLP, Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	F-2
	Consolidated Balance Sheets December 31, 2004 and 2003	F-3
	Consolidated Statements of Operations Years ended December 31, 2004, 2003 and 2002	F-4
<u>2004,</u> ——	Statements of Consolidated Shareholders' Equity Years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002	F-5
	Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows Years ended December 31, 2004, 2003 and 2002	F-6
	Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2004	F-7

#### Financial Statement Schedules:

None

All schedules for which provision is made in the applicable accounting regulations of the

Securities and Exchange Commission are not required under the related instructions or

are inapplicable and therefore have been omitted.

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## Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Shareholders and the Board of Directors The Davey Tree Expert Company

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of The Davey Tree Expert Company as of December 31, 2004 and 2003, and the related consolidated statements of operations, shareholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2004. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of The Davey Tree Expert Company at December 31, 2004 and 2003, and the consolidated results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2004, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the effectiveness of The Davey Tree Expert Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2004, based on criteria established in Internal Control-Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission and our report dated February 28, 2005 expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

Akron, Ohio February 28, 2005

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## THE DAVEY TREE EXPERT COMPANY CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands, except per share dollar amounts)

	Decemb	er 31,
Assets	2004	2003
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents		_
Accounts receivable, net	\$ 1,244	\$ 211
Operating supplies	64,432	53,773
Prepaid expenses	3,565	3,396
Other current assets	5,653	6,160
	5,704	4,857
Total current assets	80,598	68,397
Property and equipment:		
Land and land improvements	6,853	6,629
Buildings and leasehold improvements	18,976	17,826
Equipment	243,770	214,181
	269,599	238,636
Less accumulated depreciation	185,999	171,883
	83,600	66,753
Other assets	11 500	04.164
Identified intangible assets and goodwill, net	11,599 7,308	24,164
Booth in, not		7,523
	\$ 183,105	\$ 166,837
Liabilities and shareholders' equity Current liabilities:		
Short-term debt	\$ 1,852	\$ 1,880
Accounts payable	23,410	16,727
Accrued expenses	18,974	18,408
Self-insurance accruals	12,938	10,513
Current portion of capital lease obligations	1,217	661

Total current liabilities	58,391	48,189
Long-term debt	19,830	30,178
Capital lease obligations	3,198	2,388
Self-insurance accruals	21,354	16,947
Deferred income taxes	7,904	6,098
Other liabilities	2,225	890
	112,902	104,690
Common shareholders' equity:		
Common shares, \$1.00 par value, per share; 24,000		
shares		
authorized; 10,728 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2004 and 2003	10,728	10,728
Additional paid-in capital	6,066	6,528
Common shares subscribed, unissued	9,198	9,720
Retained earnings	99,273	89,158
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	261	(146)
	125,526	115,988
Less: Cost of Common shares held in treasury:	,	110,500
3,074 in 2004 and 2,924 in 2003	49,314	46,516
Common shares subscription receivable	6,009	7,325
	70,203	62,147
	\$ 183,105	\$ 166,837

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## THE DAVEY TREE EXPERT COMPANY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(In thousands, except per share dollar amounts)

	Year	Year Ended December 31,				
	2004	2003	2002			
Revenues	\$ 398,648	\$ 346,263	\$ 319,273			
Costs and expenses:						
Operating	263,080	226,454	211,549			
Selling	64,010	56,758	50,865			
General and administrative	27,908	25,947	22,800			
Depreciation	21,083	19,274	19,370			
Amortization of intangible assets	1,545	1,501	692			
	377,626	329,934	305,276			
Income from operations	21,022	16,329	13,997			

Other income (expense): Interest expense Interest income Gain on sale of assets Other	(1,827) 1,949 552 (800)	(2,062) 229 931 (694)	(3,121) 82 2,054 (1,075)
Income before income taxes	20,896	14,733	11,937
Income taxes	8,643	6,016	4,716
Net income	\$ 12,253	\$ 8,717	\$ 7,221
Net income per share: Basic	\$ 1.44	\$ 1.03	\$ .89
Diluted	\$ 1.37	\$ .99	\$ .85
Weighted average shares outstanding: Basic	8,496	8,470	8,125
Diluted	8,923	8,806	8,508

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# THE DAVEY TREE EXPERT COMPANY STATEMENTS OF CONSOLIDATED SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (In thousands, except per share amounts)

		04	200	03	20	02
	<u>Shares</u>	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount
Common shares At beginning and end of year Additional paid-in capital	10,728	\$ 10,728	10,728	\$ 10,728	10,728	\$ 10,728
At beginning of year Shares sold to employees Options exercised Subscription shares, issued		6,528 (93) (236) (133)		5,710 988 (176) 6		5,163 660 (190) 77
At end of year		6,066		6,528		5,710
Common shares subscribed, unissued						
At beginning of year Common shares, subscribed Common shares, issued Cancellations	(37) (6)	9,720 (450) (72)	818 (1) (7)	9,817 (17) (80)	836 (16) (2)	10,032 (194) (21)

At end of year	767	9,198	810	9,720	818	9,817
Retained earnings						
At beginning of year		89,158		00.505		
Net income				82,525		77,358
		12,253		8,717		7,221
Performance Restricted Stock Units		106		- 3		
Dividends, \$.24 per share				(2,084)		(2,054)
Dividends, \$.26 per share		(2,244)		•		(2,001)
At end of year		99,273		89,158		82,525
Accumulated other comprehensive						
income (loss), net of tax						
At beginning of year		(146)		(		
Common translation 1'		(146)		(1,057)		(1,209)
Currency translation adjustment		422		846		13
Minimum pension liability		(168)		_		
Derivatives: Unrealized gain on						
interest rate swaps		153		65		120
						139
Other comprehensive income		407		911		152
At end of year		261		(146)		(1,057)
Common shares held in treasury						
At beginning of year	2,924	(46,516)	3,048	(44,956)	2.000	(41.700)
Shares purchased	430	(7,253)	456		3,000	(41,790)
Shares sold to employees				(5,987)	578	(7,051)
Options exercised	(206)	3,254	(220)	1,708	(201)	1,588
Options exercised	(37)	596	(359)	2,709	(313)	2,179
Subscription shares, issued	(37)	605	(1)	10	(16)	118
At end of year	3,074	(49,314)	2,924	(46,516)	3,048	(44,956)
Common shares subscription						
receivable						
At beginning of year	(810)	(7,325)	(818)	(8,632)	520	3
Shares subscribed	1	.,,	(010)	(0,052)	(836)	(10.022)
Payments	37	1,244	1	1 227		(10,032)
Cancellations	6	72		1,227	16	1,379
			7	80	2	21
At end of year	(767)	(6,009)	(810)	(7,325)	(818)	(8,632)
Common Shareholders' Equity						
of December 21	5.654	0.50.000				
at December 31	7,654	\$ 70,203	7,804	\$ 62,147	7,680	\$ 54,135
Comprehensive Income						
Net income		\$ 12,253		\$ 8,717		\$ 7.221
Other comprehensive income		407				\$ 7,221
		<del></del>		911		152
Comprehensive in a serie				2		
Comprehensive income		\$ 12,660		\$ 9,628		\$ 7,373
						,

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## THE DAVEY TREE EXPERT COMPANY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In thousands)

Year Ended December 31,

Operating activities	2004	2003	2002
Net income	\$ 12,253	\$ 8,717	¢ 7.001
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net	\$ 12,255	Ф 0,/1/	\$ 7,221
cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation	21,083	19,274	19,370
Amortization	1,545	1,501	692
Gain on sale of property	(552)	(931)	(2,054)
Deferred income taxes	2,168	(2,111)	408
Other	979	1,823	
		1,623	173
	37,476	28,273	25 910
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	37,470	20,273	25,810
Accounts receivable	1 272	(4.017)	(600)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	1,272	(4,017)	(689)
Self-insurance accruals	7,249	379	3,588
Other assets, net	6,832	4,534	3,292
Onler assets, net	1,181	(906)	(2,574)
	16,534	(10)	2 617
		(10)	3,617
Net cash provided by operating activities	54,010	28,263	29,427
Investing activities			
Capital expenditures			
Equipment	(37,301)	(10.579)	(15.701)
Land and buildings		(19,578)	(15,791)
Proceeds from sales of property and equipment	(1,181)	(397)	(336)
Purchases of businesses	800	1,215	3,745
1 divinues of oddinesses	(437)	(980)	(4,288)
Net cash used in investing activities	(38,119)	(19,740)	(16,670)
Increase in cash before financing activities	15,891	8,523	12,757
Financing activities			
Revolving credit facility payments, net	(10,600)	(5,100)	(6,900)
Borrowings (payments) of notes payable	(278)	638	(0,300) $(1,109)$
Borrowings (payments) of long-term debt and capital	730	(2,825)	(1,109) $(1,074)$
leases	,50	(2,023)	(1,0/4)
Purchase of Common shares for treasury	(7,253)	(5,987)	(7,051)
Sales of Common shares from treasury	3,993	5,245	4,237
Cash received on Common share subscriptions	794	1,210	1,379
Dividends	(2,244)	(2,084)	(2,054)
		(2,001)	(2,054)
Net cash used in financing activities	(14,858)	(8,903)	(12,572)
Increase (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,033	(380)	105
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	211	(380) 591	185
of the second of the seco		391	406
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 1,244	\$ 211	\$ 591

# The Davey Tree Expert Company Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements December 31, 2004

(In thousands, except share data)

#### A. The Company's Business

The Davey Tree Expert Company and its subsidiaries (the "Company") provides a wide range of horticultural services to residential, commercial, utility and institutional customers throughout the United States and Canada.

Residential and Commercial Services provides for the treatment, preservation, maintenance, cultivation, planting and removal of trees, shrubs and other plant life; its services also include the practice of landscaping, tree surgery, tree feeding, and tree spraying, as well as the application of fertilizer, herbicides and insecticides.

Utility Services is principally engaged in the practice of line clearing for public utilities, including the clearing of tree growth from power lines, clearance of rights-of-way and chemical brush control.

Resource Group provides services related to natural resource management and consulting, forestry research and development, and environmental planning and also maintains research, technical support and laboratory diagnostic facilities.

#### B. Accounting Policies

**Principles of Consolidation**—The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

Accounting Estimates—The consolidated financial statements and notes prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States include estimates and assumptions made by management that affect reported amounts. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fiscal Year--The Company's fiscal year ends on the Saturday closest to December 31. The fiscal years reported are for the 52-week period ended January 1, 2005, the 53-week period ended January 3, 2004 and the 52-week period ended December 28, 2002. For purposes of the consolidated financial statements, the year-end is referred to as December 31 for all years presented.

Cash Equivalents—Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less when purchased.

Revenue Recognition—Revenues from residential and commercial services are recognized as the services are provided and amounts are determined to be collectible. Revenues from contractual arrangements, primarily with utility services customers, are recognized based on costs incurred to total estimated contract costs. During the performance of such contracts, estimated final contract prices and costs are periodically reviewed and revisions are made, as required, to the revenue recognized. On cost-plus-fee contracts, revenue is recognized to the extent of costs incurred plus a proportionate amount of fees earned, and on time-and-material contracts revenue is recognized to the extent of billable rates times hours worked, plus material and other reimbursable costs incurred. Revisions arise in the normal course of providing services to utility services customers and generally relate to changes in contract specifications and cost allowability. Such revisions are recorded when realization is probable and can be reliably estimated.

# The Davey Tree Expert Company Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements--(Continued) December 31, 2004

(In thousands, except share data)

#### B. Accounting Policies (continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk--Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognized if the counterparties failed to perform as contracted. The principal financial instruments subject to credit risk follows:

Cash and Cash Equivalents, and Derivative Financial Instruments: To limit its exposure, the Company transacts its business and maintains interest rate swaps with high credit quality financial institutions.

Accounts Receivable: The Company's residential and commercial customers are located geographically throughout the United States and Canada and, as to commercial customers, within differing industries; thus, minimizing credit risk. The credit exposure of utility services customers is directly affected by conditions within the utility industries as well as the financial condition of individual customers. One utility services customer approximated 13% of revenues during 2004, 14% during 2003 and 13% during 2002. To reduce credit risk, the Company evaluates the credit of or collateral. Exposure to losses on receivables is principally dependent on each customer's financial

**Property and Equipment**--Property and equipment are stated at cost. Repair and maintenance costs are expensed as incurred. Depreciation is computed for financial reporting purposes by the straight-line method for land improvements, building and leasehold improvements and by the double-declining method for equipment, based on the estimated useful lives of the assets, as follows:

Land improvements	5 to 20 years
Buildings	
Equipment	3 to 10 years
Leasehold improvements	Shorter of lease term or estimated useful life;
	ranging from 5 to 20 years

The amortization of assets acquired under capital leases is included in depreciation expense.

Intangible Assets--Intangible assets with finite lives, primarily customer lists, noncompete agreements and tradenames, are amortized by the straight-line method based on their estimated useful lives, ranging from one to ten years. Goodwill is assessed for impairment, at least annually. No impairment charges were incurred during 2004, 2003 or 2002 as the fair value of goodwill has exceeded the carrying amount.

Long-Lived Assets--The Company assesses potential impairment to its long-lived assets, other than goodwill, only when there is evidence that events or changes in circumstances have made recovery of the asset's carrying value unlikely and the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the estimated future undiscounted cash flow. In the event the assessment indicates that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable, an impairment loss would be recognized to reduce the asset's carrying amount to its estimated fair value based on the present value of the estimated future cash flows.

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The Davey Tree Expert Company
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements--(Continued)
December 31, 2004

(In thousands, except share data)

#### **B.** Accounting Policies (continued)

Stock-Based Compensation--The Company accounts for stock-based compensation using the intrinsic-value method in APB Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees." Under the intrinsic value method, no compensation cost is recognized if the exercise price of the stock option is equal to the market value of the shares at the date of grant. For the Company's Performance Restricted-Stock Unit awards, compensation cost is recognized over the requisite vesting periods based on the fair market value on the date of grant. The Company will begin to recognize compensation expense for stock-based awards in January 2006 in accordance with FASB Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123R, as described below.

The Davey Tree Expert Company 2004 Omnibus Stock Plan was approved by the Company's shareholders at its annual shareholders' meeting in May 2004. The Plan is administered by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors, with the maximum number of common shares that may be granted to or purchased by all employees and directors under this Plan being 5,000,000. In addition to the maintenance of the Employee Stock Purchase Plan, the Plan provides for the grant of stock options, restricted stock, stock appreciation rights, stock purchase rights, stock equivalent units, cash awards, and other stock or performance-based incentives. These awards are payable in cash or common shares, or any combination thereof, as established by the Committee.

**Performance Restricted-Stock Units**--During May 2004, the Committee awarded 44,151 Performance Restricted-Stock Units to certain key employees, of which 27,643 units have a four-year vesting period and 16,508 units have a five-year vesting period.

The alternative policy to APB No.25 in Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("FAS") No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation," the fair value method, is based on the fair value of the stock option awarded, determined by an option pricing model, net of any amount the holders must pay for the stock options when granted. If the Company had used the fair value method, the after-tax expense relating to the stock options would have been \$74 in 2004, \$14 in 2003 and \$13 in 2002. In calculating the fair value of the stock options, the following assumptions were used: initial annual dividend rate of 1.5% per share; risk free interest rates ranging from 5.0% to 6.25% and expected lives ranging from four to five years. The following table presents the pro forma net income as if the fair value method had been applied to the stock awards.

	Year Ended December 31,						
	_	2004		2003	_	2002	
Net income as reported  Add stock-based compensation included in net income as reported, net of	\$	12,253	\$	8,717	\$	7,221	
related tax effect Deduct stock-based compensation,		62		-		51	
determined under fair value		74		14		13	
Pro forma net income, FAS 123 adjusted	\$	12,241	\$	8,703	\$	7,208	
Net income per share basic As reported Pro forma, FAS 123 adjusted	\$	1.44 1.44	\$	1.03 1.03	\$	.89 .89	
Net income per share diluted As reported Pro forma, FAS 123 adjusted	\$	1.37 1.37	\$	.99 .99	\$	.85 .85	

(In thousands, except share data)

### B. Accounting Policies (continued)

Accounting Pronouncement Issued But Not Yet Adopted--In December 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 123 (revised), "Share-Based Payment ("FAS 123R")." FAS 123R requires that the cost resulting from all share-based payment transactions be recognized in the financial statements and establishes a fair-value measurement objective in determining the value of such a cost. FAS 123R will be effective for the year beginning January 1, 2006. FAS 123R is a revision of FAS 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation," and supersedes APB Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees." The Company is currently evaluating the impact of FAS 123R on its consolidated financial statements.

**Derivative Financial Instruments**—Derivative financial instruments such as interest rate swaps are used by the Company to reduce interest rate risks. The Company does not hold or issue derivative financial instruments for trading purposes.

Self-Insurance Accruals—The Company is generally self-insured for losses and liabilities related primarily to workers' compensation, vehicle liability and general liability claims. The Company uses commercial insurance as a risk-reduction strategy to minimize catastrophic losses. Ultimate losses are accrued based upon estimates of the aggregate liability for claims incurred using certain actuarial assumptions followed in the insurance industry and based on Company-specific experience.

The self-insurance accruals include claims for which the ultimate losses will develop over a period of years. Accordingly, the estimates of ultimate losses can change as claims mature. The accruals also are affected by changes in the number of new claims incurred and claim severity. The methods for estimating the ultimate losses and the total cost of claims were determined by external consulting actuaries; the resulting accruals are continually reviewed by management, and any adjustments arising from changes in estimates are reflected in income currently. The self-insurance accruals are based on estimates, and while management believes that the amounts accrued are adequate, the ultimate claims may be in excess of or less than the amounts provided.

Income Taxes—The Company computes taxes on income in accordance with the tax rules and regulations where the income is earned. The income tax rates imposed by these taxing authorities vary. Taxable income may differ from pretax income for financial reporting purposes. To the extent differences are due to revenue and expense items reported in one period for tax purposes and in another period for financial reporting purposes, provision for deferred taxes is made. Changes in tax rates and laws are reflected in income in the period when such changes are enacted.

Net Income Per Share and Common Shares-Basic net income per share is determined by dividing the income available to common shareholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding. Diluted net income per share is computed similar to basic net income per share except that the weighted-average number of shares is increased to include the effect of stock options that were granted and outstanding during the period and the assumed exercise of stock subscription rights.

Foreign Currency Translation—All assets and liabilities of the Company's Canadian operations are translated into United States dollars at year-end exchange rates while revenues and expenses are translated at weighted-average exchange rates in effect during the year. Translation adjustments are recorded as accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) in shareholders' equity.

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#### The Davey Tree Expert Company

### Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements--(Continued) December 31, 2004

(In thousands, except share data)

#### B. Accounting Policies (continued)

Comprehensive Income (Loss)—Comprehensive income (loss) includes net income and other comprehensive income or loss. Other comprehensive income (loss) refers to revenues, expenses, gains and losses that under generally accepted accounting principles are included in comprehensive income but are excluded from net income as these amounts are recorded directly as an adjustment to shareholders' equity, net of tax. The Company's other comprehensive income (loss) is composed of foreign currency translation adjustments and unrealized gains and losses from its interest rate swaps.

Fair Values-- The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents, receivables, accounts payable and debt approximates fair value.

Financial Statement Presentation Changes--Certain amounts for prior years have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

#### C. Accounts Receivable and Collection of Receivable from Pacific Gas & Electric

Accounts receivable, net, consisted of the following:

		1,		
		2004		2003
Accounts receivable Receivables under contractual arrangements	\$	60,507 5,827	\$	62,986 4,458
		66,334		67,444
Less prepetition accounts receivable from PG&E classified as noncurrent other assets				11,931
		66,334		55,513
Less allowances for doubtful accounts		1,902	_	1,740
	\$	64,432	\$	53,773
	-			

Receivables under contractual arrangements consist of work-in-process in accordance with the terms of contracts, primarily with utility services customers.

Pacific Gas & Electric ("PG&E") voluntarily filed for reorganization under Chapter 11 of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code on April 6, 2001. On June 19, 2003, it was announced that Pacific Gas & Electric Corporation ("PG&E Corporation," the parent company of PG&E), the staff of the California Public Utilities Commission ("CPUC"), and PG&E entered into a settlement agreement. Subsequently, PG&E Corporation, PG&E, and the Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors ("OCC"), as co-proponents, filed the settlement agreement with the bankruptcy court. In December 2003, the CPUC approved the settlement agreement and the bankruptcy court confirmed the plan of reorganization.

PG&E is one of the Company's largest utility customers. Subsequent to the bankruptcy petition date, April 6, 2001, the Company continued to provide services under the terms of its contracts with PG&E and received payment for postpetition date services performed.

(In thousands, except share data)

### C. Accounts Receivable and Collection of Receivable from Pacific Gas & Electric (continued)

On April 12, 2004, PG&E announced that its plan of reorganization under Chapter 11 of the U.S. Bankruptcy Code became effective and that the holders of record of allowed claims would be paid. Davey Tree was a holder of allowed claims related to prepetition accounts receivable that arose prior to the filing date of PG&E's voluntary bankruptcy petition on April 6, 2001. On April 13, 2004, the Company received payment of \$13,326 from PG&E in settlement of allowed claims related to prepetition accounts receivable.

For the period from the bankruptcy petition date, April 6, 2001, to the date of payment, interest was payable on the prepetition accounts receivable. Interest received during 2004 totaled \$1,692 (with \$297 received in 2004; \$559 received in 2003 and \$836 in 2002).

As periodic interest payments were received by the Company, the carrying amount of the prepetition accounts receivable was reduced from the initial April 6, 2001 balance of \$13,326. The carrying amount of the prepetition accounts receivable was \$11,931 as of December 31, 2003.

In receiving the \$13,326 payment on April 13, 2004, the amount of the prepetition accounts receivable was restored to the initial balance of \$13,326 by recognizing \$1,536 of interest income, reported in the results of operations for the first quarter 2004 and \$156 reported in the results of operations for the second quarter 2004.

### D. Supplemental Balance Sheet and Cash Flow Information

The following items comprise the amounts included in the balance sheets:

	December 31,						
Other currents assets			2003				
Refundable income taxes Deferred income taxes	\$	1,209 4,495	\$	4,857			
Total	\$	5,704	\$	4,857			
Other assets  Prepaid pension costs Prepetition accounts receivable from PG&E Deposits  Total	\$	Decemb 2004 10,195 1,404 11,599	\$ \$	10,766 11,931 1,467 24,164			

(In thousands, except share data)

### D. Supplemental Balance Sheet and Cash Flow Information (continued)

		Deceml	<u>oer 3</u>	r 31,		
Identified intangibles and goodwill, net		2004		2003		
Customer lists		6,209	\$	5,925		
Noncompete agreements		1,942		1,892		
Tradenames		311		249		
Goodwill		6,222		5,288		
		14,684		13,354		
Less accumulated amortization		7,376		5,831		
Total	\$	7,308	\$	7,523		

 December 31,							
 2004	_	2003					
\$ 8,265	\$	6,358					
3,345		2,692					
1,727		1,653					
2,751		3,897					
-		920					
1,159		955					
 1,727		1,933					
\$ 18,974	\$	18,408					
\$	\$ 8,265 3,345 1,727 2,751 	\$ 8,265 \$ 3,345 1,727 2,751					

### Supplemental cash flow information follows:

			Yea			ecember 81,
		<u>2004                                   </u>	_	2003	_	2002
Interest paid	\$	1,867	\$	2,183	\$	3,046
Income taxes paid, net Noncash transactions:		8,308		7,405		4,585
Debt issued for purchase of business		1,138		799		2,860
Common share subscriptions				12		10,032
Detail of acquisitions:						
Assets acquired:						
Equipment		268		384		1,706
Intangibles		1,307		1,395		5,699
Liabilities assumed		-		26		(257)
Debt issued for purchase of businesses	_	(1,138)	_	(799)		(2,860)
Cash paid	\$	437	\$	980	\$	4,288

(In thousands, except share data)

#### E. Pension Plans

Substantially all of the Company's domestic employees are covered by noncontributory defined benefit pension plans. A plan for nonbargaining employees provides a benefit based primarily on annual compensation up to a defined level and years of credited service. Another plan is for bargaining employees not covered by union pension plans and provides benefits at a fixed monthly amount based upon length of service. During May 2004, the Company adopted a Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan ("SERP") and a Benefits Restoration Pension Plan ("Restoration Plan") for certain key employees. Both the SERP and the Restoration Plan are defined benefit plans under which nonqualifed supplemental pension benefits will be paid in addition to amounts received under the Company's qualified retirement defined benefit pension plans, which is subject to Internal Revenue Service limitations on covered compensation.

Summarized information on the Company's defined benefit pension plans follows:

er 31,	<u>December</u> 3			
2003	2004	20		CI
			ttion	Change in benefit obligati
\$ 17,216	19,963 \$	<b>\$</b> 19	ation at beginning of	Projected benefit obligat
				year
873	1,098	1		Service cost
1,184	1,322	1		Interest cost
5965	782			Amendments
2,327	2,136	2		Actuarial loss
(1,637)	(1,385)	(1		Benefit payments
\$ 19,963	23,916 \$	\$ 23	ation at end of year	Projected benefit obligat
\$ 17,743	20,965 \$	\$ 20	bligation at end of year	Accumulated benefit obl
er 31.	December 3	j		
2003	2004			
			olan assets	Change in fair value of pla
\$ 22,813	25,331 \$	\$ 25	ts at beginning of year	Fair value of plan assets
4,155	1,590			Actual return on plan ass
(1,637)	(1,385)			Benefit payments
\$ 25,331	25,536 \$	\$ 25	ts at end of year	Fair value of plan assets
\$	25,536 \$	\$ 25	ts at end of year	Fair value of plan assets

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(In thousands, except share data)

#### E. Pension Plans (continued)

The aggregate projected benefit obligation, accumulated benefit obligation and fair value of plan assets for plans in which the fair value of plan assets are less than either the projected benefit obligation or accumulated benefit obligation, as of

December 31, 2004, were as follows:

Projected benefit obligation	\$ 2,583
Accumulated benefit obligation	2,254
Fair value of plan assets	1,056

The projected benefit obligation includes \$1,292 and the accumulated benefit obligation includes \$962, as of December 31, 2004, related to adoption in May 2004 of the Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan and the Benefit Restoration Pension Plan.

A minimum pension liability adjustment is required when the actuarial present value of accumulated plan benefits exceeds plan assets and accrued pension liabilities. In 2004, a minimum pension liability adjustment of \$270 was recorded, including deferred taxes of \$102, as a component of other comprehensive income (loss) and reported in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) as a component of shareholders' equity.

	December 31,			
Funded status	_	2004		2003
Fair value of plan assets at end of year	\$	25,536	\$	25,331
Projected benefit obligation at end of year	_	23,916		19,963
Plan assets in excess of benefit obligation		1,620		5,368
Unrecognized net actuarial loss Unrecognized prior service cost		8,180 539		5,930
Unrecognized transition asset		(499)		39 (571)
		(122)	-	(371)
Net amount recognized	\$	9,840	\$	10,766
Amounts reported in balance sheets				
Prepaid pension costs	\$	10,195	\$	10,766
Accrued pension obligations		(625)		-
Accumulated other comprehensive income/loss		270		
		9,840		10,766
	-			,

(In thousands, except share data)

#### E. Pension Plans (continued)

The actuarial assumptions follow. The discount rates were used to measure the year-end benefit obligation and the expense effect for the subsequent year.

	Decemb	er 31,
Actuarial assumptions	2004	2003
Discount rate	5.75%	6.25%
Expected return on plan assets	8.00	8.00
Rate of increase in compensation	4.50	4.50

Net periodic benefit expense (income) associated with the defined benefit pension plans included the following components:

Components of pension expense (income)	_	Year E 2004	nde —	d Decem 2003	<u>ber</u>	31, 2002
Service costs increase in benefit obligation earned Interest cost on projected benefit obligation Expected return on plan assets Amortization of net actuarial loss (gains) Amortization of prior service cost Amortization of transition asset	\$	1,098 1,322 (1,971) 268 281 (72)	\$	873 1,184 (1,767) 336 4 (72)	\$	875 1,083 (2,287) (6) 4 (72)
Net pension expense (income) of defined benefit pension plans	\$	926	\$	558	\$	(403)

In addition to the Company sponsored defined benefit plans, the Company contributes to several multiemployer plans. Total pension expense for multiemployer plans was \$368 in 2004, \$171 in 2003, and \$180 in 2002.

The percentage of the fair value of total plan assets, by major category, were as follows, along with the target range-of-percentage allocations for 2005 used as investment strategy.

	Plan	Percentage of Plan Assets at December 31,			
Plan assets - asset category	2004	2003	2005		
Equity securities Debt securities	73% 27	71% 29	60% to 70% 25% to 40%		
Total	100%	100%			

(In thousands, except share data)

#### E. Pension Plans (continued)

Target range-of-percentage allocations to major categories of plan assets are based on the expected returns for the following 12-to-18 months. Equity securities are expected to be well-diversified with 35-to-60 issues, with no single holding exceeding 7% of total equity securities. Debt securities consist of issues rated as investment-grade, generally with a laddered-maturity structure ranging from 1-to-12 years. There is no specific prohibition to investing in real estate or international equity securities, but the categories must not exceed 10% of total plan assets. Derivatives, options or leverage are not used.

Rate-of-return-on-assets assumptions are made by major category of plan assets according to historical analysis, tempered for an assessment of possible future influences that could cause the returns to exceed or trail long-term patterns. The overall expected long-term rate-of-return-on-plan assets, as at December 31, 2004, was 8.3%.

The benefits, as of December 31, 2004, expected to be paid to defined-benefit plan participants in each of the next five years and in the aggregate for the five years thereafter, follows.

Estimated future payments		Participants Benefits	
Voor onding December 21, 2005	Ф	1 007	
Year ending December 31, 2005	\$	1,037	
2006		1,110	
2007		1,126	
2008		1,139	
2009		1,161	
Years 2010 to 2014		6,321	

The Company expects, as of December 31, 2004, that it will not be necessary to make contributions to the defined benefit pension plans in 2005.

### F. Short-Term and Long-Term Debt

Short-term debt consisted of the following:

		December 31,			
		2004		2003	
Notes payable Current portion of long-term debt	. \$	942 910	\$	355 1,525	
	\$	1,852	\$	1,880	

The \$942 note payable, with interest approximating 5.25%, is due on September 1, 2005.

At December 31, 2004, the Company also had unused short-term lines of credit with several banks totaling \$3,549,generally at the banks' prime rate.

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### The Davey Tree Expert Company Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements--(Continued) December 31, 2004

(In thousands, except share data)

#### F. Short-Term and Long-Term Debt (continued)

Long-term debt consisted of the following:

	Decemb	December 31,		
Revolving credit facility		2003		
Prime rate borrowings LIBOR borrowings	\$ 3,700 15,000	\$ 3,300 26,000		
Term loans	18,700 2,040	29,300 2,403		
Less current portion	20,740 910	31,703 1,525		
	\$ 19,830	\$ 30,178		

Revolving Credit Facility—In December 2004 the Company executed an amendment to its revolving credit facility. The amended agreement, which expires in December 2007, permits borrowings as defined up to \$120,000 with a letter of credit sublimit of \$60,000 (the previous agreement permitted borrowings up to \$90,000 with a letter of credit sublimit of \$40,000). The revolving credit facility contains certain affirmative and negative covenants customary for this type of facility and includes financial covenant ratios, as defined, with respect to interest coverage, funded debt to EBITDA (earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization), and funded debt to capitalization.

As of December 31, 2004, the Company had unused commitments under the facility approximating \$55,240, with \$64,760 committed under the agreement, consisting of borrowings of \$18,700 and issued letters of credit of \$46,060. Borrowings outstanding bear interest, at the Company's option, at the agent bank's prime rate or LIBOR plus a margin adjustment ranging from .7% to 1.5%, based on a ratio of funded debt to EBITDA. A commitment fee ranging from .15% to .20% is also required based on the average daily unborrowed commitment.

Term Loans--The weighted-average interest on the term loans approximated 4.69% (4.47% at December 31, 2003).

Aggregate Maturities of Long-Term Debt--Aggregate maturities of long-term debt for the five years subsequent to December 31, 2004 were as follows: 2005--\$910; 2006--\$665; 2007--\$19,165; 2008--\$0 and 2009--\$0.

Interest rate swaps--The Company uses interest rate swaps to effectively convert a portion of variable-rate revolving credit borrowings to a fixed rate, thus reducing the impact of interest rate changes on future interest expense. As of December 31, 2004, the Company had an interest rate swap outstanding, with an underlying notional amount totaling \$15,000, requiring interest to be paid at 3.74% and maturing in December 2007. The fair value of the swap is the amount quoted by the financial institution that the Company would pay to terminate the agreements, a liability of \$13 at December 31, 2004.

(In thousands, except share data)

#### G. Self-Insurance Accruals

Components of the Company's self-insurance accruals for workers' compensation, vehicle liability and general liability follow:

	December 31,			
		2004		2003
Workers' compensation Present value discount	\$	23,177 3,089	\$	19,255 2,713
Vehicle liability General liability		20,088 5,913 8,291		16,542 5,542 5,376
Total Less current portion		34,292 12,938		27,460 10,513
Noncurrent portion	\$	21,354	\$	16,947

The table below reconciles the changes in the self-insurance accruals for losses and related payments and sets forth the discount rate used for the workers' compensation accrual.

	December 31,			
		2004		2003
Balance, beginning of year Provision for claims Payment for claims	\$	27,460 22,808 15,976	\$	22,926 18,927 14,393
Balance, end of year	\$	34,292	\$	27,460
Workers' compensation discount rate		4.50%		4.50%

#### H. Lease Obligations

Assets acquired under capital leases and included in property and equipment consisted of the following:

		December 31,		
	_	2004	_	2003
Equipment Less accumulated amortization	\$	5,133 3,310	\$	5,121 2,705
	\$	1,823	\$	2,416

(In thousands, except share data)

#### H. Lease Obligations (continued)

The Company also leases facilities under noncancelable operating leases, which are used for district office and warehouse operations. These leases extend for varying periods of time up to five years and, in some cases, contain renewal options. Minimum rental commitments under all capital and noncancelable operating leases, as of December 31, 2004 were as follows:

		<u>Lease Obligations</u>			
		Capital	Op	Operating	
Minimum lease obligations		-			
Year ending December 31, 2005	\$	1,435	\$	2,159	
2006		1,207	•	1,487	
2007		1,482		1,172	
2008		501		707	
2009		250		269	
2010 and aft	er	-		151	
Total minimum lease payments	_	4,875	\$	5,945	
Amounts representing interest		460		- ,5	
Present value of net minimum lease pay	/ments	4,415			
Less current portion	· <del></del>	1,217			
Long-term capital lease obligations, De 2004	cember 31, \$	3,198			
	_				

Total rent expense under all operating leases was \$3,103 in 2004, \$2,813 in 2003 and \$2,567 in 2002.

#### L. Common Shares and Preferred Shares

The Company has authorized a class of 4,000,000 preferred shares, no par value, of which none were issued.

The number of common shares authorized is 24,000,000, par value \$1.00. The number of common shares issued was 10,728,440 during each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2004. The number of shares in the treasury for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2004 were as follows: 2004--3,073,632; 2003--2,924,235; and, 2002--3,048,073.

The Company's stock is not listed or traded on an active stock market, and market prices are, therefore, not available. Semiannually, an independent stock valuation firm determines the fair market value based upon the Company's performance and financial condition. Since 1979, the Company has provided a ready market for all shareholders through its direct purchase of their common shares. During 2004, purchases of common shares totaled 429,807 shares for \$7,253 in cash; the Company also had direct sales, to directors and employees of 12,864 shares for \$190, excluding those shares issued through either the exercise of options or the employee stock purchase plan. It also sold 75,688 shares from the Company's 401(k) plan for \$1,213 and issued 45,656 shares to participant accounts to satisfy its liability for the 2003 employer match in the amount of \$717. The liability accrued at December 31, 2004 for the 2004

employer match was \$919. There were also 71,282 shares purchased during 2003 under the employee stock purchase plan.

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### The Davey Tree Expert Company Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements--(Continued) December 31, 2004

(In thousands, except share data)

#### I. Common Shares and Preferred Shares (continued)

Common Shares Outstanding-- The table below reconciles the activity of the common shares outstanding.

	December 31,		
	2004	2003	
Shares outstanding, beginning of year	7,804,205	7,680,367	
Shares purchased	(429,807)	(456,725)	
Shares sold to employees and directors	205,490	220,131	
Stock subscription offering - cash purchases	37,482	1,387	
Options exercised	37,438	359,045	
	(149,397)	123,838	
Shares outstanding, end of year	7,654,808	7,804,205	

On December 31, 2004, the Company had 7,654,808 common shares outstanding, options exercisable to purchase 579,932 common shares, partially-paid subscriptions for 766,501 common shares and purchase rights outstanding for 254,774 common shares.

The partially-paid subscriptions relate to common shares purchased at \$12.00 per share, in connection with the stock subscription offering completed in August 2002, whereby some employees opted to finance their subscription with a down-payment of at least 10% of their total purchase price and a seven- year promissory note for the balance due, with interest at 4.75%. Promissory note payments, of both principal and interest, are made either by payroll deduction or annual lump-sum payment. The promissory notes are collateralized with the common shares subscribed and the common shares are only issued when the related promissory note is paid-in-full. Dividends are paid on all unissued subscribed shares.

The purchase rights outstanding were granted to purchase one additional common share at the price of \$12.00 per share for every two common shares purchased in connection with the stock subscription offering completed in August 2002. Each right may be exercised at the rate of one-seventh per year and will expire seven years after the date that the right was granted. Employees may not exercise a right should they cease to be employed by the Company.

#### J. Employee Stock Ownership Plan and 401KSOP

On March 15, 1979, the Company consummated a plan, which transferred control of the Company to its employees. As a part of this plan, the Company initially sold 120,000 common shares (presently, 5,760,000 common shares adjusted for stock splits) to the Company's Employee Stock Ownership Trust (ESOT) for \$2,700.

The Employee Stock Ownership Plan (ESOP), in conjunction with the related ESOT, provided for the grant to certain

employees of certain ownership rights in, but not possession of, the common shares held by the trustee of the Trust. Annual allocations of shares have been made to individual accounts established for the benefit of the participants.

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### The Davey Tree Expert Company Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements--(Continued) December 31, 2004

(In thousands, except share data)

### J. Employee Stock Ownership Plan and 401KSOP (continued)

Effective January 1, 1997, the Company commenced operation of the "The Davey 401KSOP and ESOP," which retained the existing ESOP participant accounts and incorporated a deferred savings plan (401(k) plan) feature. Participants in the plan are allowed to make before—tax contributions, within Internal Revenue Service established limits, through payroll deductions. The Company will match, in either cash or Company stock, 50% of each participant's before-tax contribution, limited to the first 3% of the employee's compensation deferred each year. All nonbargaining domestic employees who attained age 21 and completed one year of service are eligible to participate. The Company's cost of this plan, consisting principally of the employer match, was \$919 in 2004, \$718 in 2003, and \$586 in 2002.

In May 2004, the Company adopted the 401K Match Restoration Plan, a defined contribution plan that supplements the retirement benefits of certain employees that participate in the savings-plan feature of The Davey 401KSOP and ESOP Plan, but are limited in contributions because of tax rules and regulations. The cost of this plan was \$346 in 2004.

#### K. Employee Stock Purchase Plan and Stock Option Plans

**Employee Stock Purchase Plan-**-The Company has an employee stock purchase plan that provides the opportunity for all full-time employees with one year of service to purchase shares through payroll deductions. Purchases under the plan, at 85% of the fair market value of the common shares, have been as follows:

	Year Ended December 31,				
	2004	2003	2002		
Number of employees participating	792	900	775		
Shares purchased during the year	71,282	83,061	105,609		
Weighted average per share purchase price paid	\$ 14.42	\$ 11.18	\$ 10.36		
Cumulative shares purchased since 1982	3,698,514	3,627,232	3,544,171		

Stock Option Plans--The 1994 Omnibus Stock Plan (Stock Plan) consolidated into a single plan provisions for the grant of stock options and other stock based incentives and maintenance of the employee stock purchase plan. Prior to adoption of the Stock Plan, the Company had two qualified stock option plans available for officers and management employees; the final grant of awards under those plans was December 10, 1993. The maximum number of shares that may be issued upon exercise of stock options, other than director options and nonqualified stock options, is 1,600,000 during the ten-year term of the Stock Plan. Shares purchased since 1994 under the stock purchase plan were 1,388,610. Each nonemployee director elected or appointed, and reelected or reappointed, will receive a director option that gives the right to purchase, for six years, 4,000 common shares at the fair market value per share at date of grant. The director options are exercisable six months from the date of grant. The aggregate number of common shares available for grant and the maximum number of shares granted annually are based on formulas defined in the Stock

Plan. The grant of awards, other than director options, is at the discretion of the compensation committee of the Board of Directors. Shares available for grant at December 31, 2004 were 321,797.

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### The Davey Tree Expert Company Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements--(Continued) December 31, 2004

(In thousands, except share data)

#### K. Employee Stock Purchase Plan and Stock Option Plans (continued)

A summary of the Company's stock option activity, excluding director options, is presented below:

	2004		2	003	2002	
	Options	Weighted- Average Exercise Price	Options	Weighted- Average Exercise Price	Options	Weighted- Average Exercise Price
Outstanding, beginning of year Granted	971,370	\$ 10.82	819,915 512,500	\$ 7.49 13.50	1,161,147	\$ 7.15
Exercised Forfeited	(25,038)	7.90	(351,045) (10,000)	6.97 6.91	(312,514) (28,718)	6.36 6.14
Outstanding, end of year	946,332	10.93	971,370	10.82	819,915	7.49

The following table summarizes information about stock options outstanding and exercisable, excluding director options at December 31, 2004:

	_	Options Outsta	nding	Opti	ons Exercisable
Exercise Price	Options	Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Life	Weighted- Average Exercise Price	<u>Options</u>	Weighted- Average Exercise Price
\$ 7.90 \$ 13.50	433,832 512,500	1.9 years 8.9 years	\$ 7.90 \$ 13.50	433,832 102,500	\$ 7.90 \$ 13.50
	946,332			536,332	

A summary of the status of the Company's director options is presented below:

	2004		20	2003		2002	
		Weighted- Average Exercise	Weighted- Average Exercise			Weighted- Average Exercise	
	<b>Options</b>	Price	<b>Options</b>	<u>Price</u>	Options	Price	
Outstanding, beginning of year	48,000	\$ 12.72	48,000	\$ 12.39	44,000	\$ 12.16	
Granted	8,000	15.70	8,000	12.80	8,000	12.00	
Exercised	(12,400)	13.02	(8,000)	10.79	:=:	_	
Forfeited	-	-	12	-	(4,000)	9.10	
Outstanding and exercisable, end of year	43,600	13.19	48,000	12.72	48,000	12.39	

(In thousands, except share data)

### L. Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

The components of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) follows:

	Year Ended December 31,				
	2004	2003	2002		
Comprehensive Income Net income	<b>\$</b> 12.253	e 0717	e 7001		
Other comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 12,253	\$ 8,717	\$ 7,221		
Foreign currency translation adjustment	422	846	13		
Minimum pension liability	(270)	23	9		
Derivative instruments:					
Change in fair value of interest rate swap	246	105	225		
Other comprehensive income (loss),					
before income taxes	398	951	238		
Income tax benefit (expense), related to	370	751	250		
items of other comprehensive income	9	(40)	(86)		
Other comprehensive income	407	911	152		
Comprehensive income	\$ 12,660	\$ 9,628	\$ 7,373		
		December 31,			
Accumulated comprehensive income (loss)	2004_		2002		
Foreign currency translation adjustments	\$ 437	<b>\$</b> 15	\$ (831)		
Minimum pension liability adjustment	(168)	*	*		
Fair value of interest rate swap	(8)	(161)	(226)		
Accumulated comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 261	\$ (146)	\$ (1,057)		

#### M. Income Taxes

Income before income taxes was attributable to the following sources:

	Year E	Year Ended December 31,				
	2004	2004 2003				
United States Canada	\$ 19,080 1,816	\$ 13,324 1,409	\$ 11,023 914			

Total

\$ 20,896 \$ 14,733 \$ 11,937

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## The Davey Tree Expert Company Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements--(Continued) December 31, 2004

(In thousands, except share data)

### M. Income Taxes (continued)

Income taxes have been provided as follows:

	Year Ended December 31,					
Currently payable:	2004	2003	2002			
Federal State Canadian	\$ 3,953 1,864 649	\$ 6,131 1,493 543	\$ 3,143 826 425			
Total current Deferred taxes	6,466 2,177	8,167 (2,151)	4,394 322			
Total taxes on income	\$ 8,643	\$ 6,016	\$ 4,716			

Deferred income taxes reflect the tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes.

Significant components of the Company's current net deferred tax assets at December 31, were as follows:

	Year Ended December 31					
Deferred tax assets:	2004	2003				
Accrued compensated absences Self-insurance accruals Other assets (liabilities), net	\$ 692 4,371 (568)	\$ 524 3,551 782				
Net deferred income tax assetscurrent	\$ 4,495	\$ 4,857				

Significant components of the Company's noncurrent net deferred tax assets and liabilities at December 31, were as follows:

	Year Ended December 31,					
Deferred tax assets:		2004		2003		
Self-insurance accruals Other	\$	7,266 1,229	\$	5,738 851		
Deferred tax liabilities:		8,495		6,589		
Tax over financial reporting depreciation and		12,908		9,050		

amortization Prepaid pension costs	3,491	3,637
	16,399	12,687
Net deferred income tax liabilitynoncurrent	\$ (7,904)	\$ (6,098)

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## The Davey Tree Expert Company Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements--(Continued) December 31, 2004

(In thousands, except share data)

#### M. Income Taxes (continued)

A reconciliation of the expected statutory U.S. federal rate to the Company's actual effective income tax rate follows:

	Year Ended December 31,				
	2004	2003	2002		
Statutory U.S. federal tax rate	35.0 %	34.0 %	34.0 %		
State income taxes, net of federal benefit	5.7	6.7	4.6		
Effect of Canadian income taxes	.1	.4	1.0		
Meals disallowance	1.1	1.4	1.5		
Other	(.5)	(1.7)	(1.6)		
Effective income tax rate	41.4 %	40.8 %	39.5 %		

#### N. Net Income Per Share

Net income per share is computed as follows:

		Year Ended December 31,					
		2004	2003	2002			
Income	available to common shareholders:						
Net i	income	\$ 12,253	\$ 8,717	\$ 7,221			
Weighte	ed average shares:						
Basi	c:						
O	Outstanding	7,729,829	7,659,901	7,781,902			
P	artially-paid share subscriptions	766,501	809,972	342,915			
			<del>20 3</del> 1	1)			
	Basic weighted average shares	8,496,330	8,469,873	8,124,817			
			0)				
Dilu							
_	asic from above	8,496,330	8,469,873	8,124,817			
Ir	ncremental shares from assumed:						
	Exercise of stock subscription purchase	74,883	22,750	4,322			
rights		0.54 605	010.001	2=2 2.4=			
	Exercise of stock options	351,697	312,891	379,047			
	Diluted visighted eveness shores	9.022.010	9 905 514	9 509 196			
	Diluted weighted average shares	8,922,910	8,805,514	8,508,186			

Net income per share:	-			
Basic	\$_	1.44	\$ 1.03	\$ .89
Diluted	\$	1.37	\$ .99	\$ .85

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## The Davey Tree Expert Company Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements--(Continued) December 31, 2004

(In thousands, except share data)

### O. Operations by Segment and Geographic Information

The Company's operating results are reported in two segments: Residential and Commercial Services, and Utility Services, for operations in the United States. Residential and Commercial Services provides for the treatment, preservation, maintenance, cultivation, planting and removal of trees, shrubs and other plant life; its services also include the practice of landscaping, tree surgery, tree feeding, and tree spraying, as well as the application of fertilizer, herbicides and insecticides. Utility Services is principally engaged in the practice of line clearing for investor-owned and municipal utilities, including the clearing of tree growth from power lines, clearance of rights-of-way and chemical brush control.

The Company also has two nonreportable segments: Canadian operations, which provides a comprehensive range of Davey horticultural services, and Davey Resource Group, which provides services related to natural resource management and consulting, forestry research and development, and environmental planning and also maintains research, technical support and laboratory diagnostic facilities. Canadian operations and Davey Resource Group are presented below as "All Other."

Measurement of Segment Profit and Loss and Segment Assets--The Company evaluates performance and allocates resources based primarily on operating income and also actively manages business unit operating assets.

The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies except that (a) the Company computes and recognizes depreciation expense for its segments only by the straight-line method and (b) state income taxes are allocated to the segments. Corporate expenses are substantially allocated among the operating segments, but the nature of expenses allocated may differ from year-to-year. There are no intersegment revenues. Segment assets are those generated or directly used by each segment, and include accounts receivable, inventory, and property and equipment.

Information on reportable segments and reconciliation to the consolidated financial statements follows:

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# The Davey Tree Expert Company Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements--(Continued) December 31, 2004

(In thousands, except share data)

### O. Operations by Segment and Geographic Information (continued)

Information on reportable segments and reconciliation to the consolidated financial statements follows:

Fiscal Year 2004	Utility Services	Residential Commercial Services	All Other	Reconciling Adjustments	Consolidated
Revenues Income (loss) from operations	\$ 173,154 7,958	\$ 182,223 12,801	\$ 43,271 3,333	\$ - (3,070)(a)	\$ 398,648 21,022
Interest expense Other income (expense), net				1,827 1,701	1,827 1,701
Income before income taxes					20,896
Depreciation Capital expenditures Segment assets, total	\$ 8,484 15,088 61,114	\$ 7,853 13,034 53,164	\$ 2,351 4,209 16,844	\$ 2,395 (b) 6,151 51,983 (c)	\$ 21,083 -38,482 183,105
Fiscal Year 2003					
Revenues Income (loss) from operations	\$ 145,638 2,107	\$ 166,324 13,994	\$ 34,301 2,555	\$ - (2,327)(a)	\$ 346,263 16,329
Interest expense Other income (expense), net				2,062 466	2,062 466
Income before income taxes					14,733
Depreciation Capital expenditures Segment assets, total	\$ 7,651 8,158 44,596	\$ 6,927 5,910 46,925	\$ 1,903 2,863 12,401	\$ 2,793 (b) 3,044 62,915 (c)	\$ 19,274 19,975 166,837
Fiscal Year 2002 Revenues	<b>*</b>				
Income (loss) from operations	\$ 132,875 1,898	\$ 155,689 12,901	\$ 30,709 2,032	\$ (2,834)(a)	\$ 319,273 13,997
Interest expense Other income (expense), net				3,121 1,061	3,121 1,061
Income before income taxes					11,937
Depreciation Capital expenditures Segment assets, total	\$ 8,160 5,456 40,727	\$ 7,127 5,580 43,159	\$ 1,559 2,151 11,706	\$ 2,524 (b) 2,940 65,564 (c)	\$ 19,370 16,127 161,156

Reconciling adjustments from segment reporting to consolidated external financial reporting include unallocated corporate items:

- (a) Reclassification of depreciation expense and allocation of corporate expenses.
- (b) Reduction to straight-line depreciation expense from declining balance method and depreciation and amortization of corporate assets.
- (c) Corporate assets include cash and cash equivalents, prepaid expenses, corporate facilities, enterprise-wide information systems, intangibles, and deferred and other nonoperating assets.

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The Davey Tree Expert Company
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements--(Continued)
December 31, 2004

(In thousands, except share data)

#### O. Operations by Segment and Geographic Information (continued)

Geographic Information--The following presents revenues and long-lived assets by geographic territory:

	Year Ended December 31,				
Revenues	20042	003 2002			
United States Canada		25,454 \$ 301,075 20,809 18,198			
	\$ 398,648 \$ 3	46,263 \$ 319,273			
		December 31,			
Long-lived assets, net	20042	003 2002			
United States Canada	\$ 81,588 \$ 9,320	67,313 \$ 69,309 6,963 5,114			
	\$ 90,908 \$	74,276 \$ 74,423			

#### P. Commitments and Contingencies

At December 31, 2004, the Company was contingently liable to its principal banks in the amount of \$50,290 for letters of credit outstanding primarily related to insurance coverage.

In certain circumstances, the Company has performance obligations that are supported by surety bonds in connection with its contractual commitments.

The Company is party to a number of lawsuits, threatened lawsuits and other claims arising out of the normal course of business. Management is of the opinion that liabilities which may result are adequately covered by insurance, or reflected in the self-insurance accruals, and would not be material in relation to the financial position or results of operations.

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## The Davey Tree Expert Company Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements--(Continued) December 31, 2004

(In thousands, except share data)

#### Q. Quarterly Results of Operations (Unaudited)

The following is a summary of the results of operations for each quarter of 2004 and 2003.

Fiscal 2004, Three Months
Ended

Revenues Gross profit Income (loss) from operations Net income (loss)	 Apr 3 79,485 25,609 (1,789) (648)	Jul.3 12,259 39,619 10,535 5,834	Oct 2 10,661 38,040 7,518 4,174	\$ Jan 1 96,243 32,300 4,758 2,893
Net income (loss) per share Basic	\$ (.08)	\$ .73	\$ .53	\$ .37
Net income (loss) per share Diluted	\$ (.08)	\$ .71	\$ .50	\$ .34
ESOT Valuation per share	\$ 15.70	\$ 18.20	\$ 18.20	\$ 20.00

			Fiscal 2003, Three Months					
	_Mar 29_				Ended			
			<u>Jun 28</u>		Sep 27		Jan 3	
Revenues	\$	68,094	\$	93,348	\$	92,619	\$	92,202
Gross profit	19,868		34,615		33,719			31,607
Income (loss) from operations	(3,956)		9,324		7,130			3,831
Net income (loss)	(2,908)		5,462		3,959		2,204	
Earnings (loss) per share Basic	\$	(.37)	\$	.69	\$	.51	\$	.28
Earnings (loss) per share Diluted	\$	(.37)	\$	.67	\$	.48	\$	.27
ESOT Valuation per share	\$	12.80	\$	13.50	\$	13.50	\$	15.70

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